BINGHAM COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO
BLACKFOOT, IDAHO
ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
and
COMPLIANCE REPORTS
with
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

# BINGHAM COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

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# BINGHAM COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

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Gerald W. Searle, CPA Steven J. Hart, CPA Farrell J. Steiner, CPA Dana Eric Izatt, CPA

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners Bingham County - State of Idaho Blackfoot, Idaho

# Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information for Bingham County, Idaho, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Bingham County, Idaho's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and the fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinions.

### **Opinions**

In our opinion, based on our audit, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bingham County, Idaho, as of September 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### Other Matters

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that supplementary information, such as management's discussion and analysis, infrastructure assets reported using the modified approach information, and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's response to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Bingham County, Idaho's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, required by Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain other procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the Schedule of Federal Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Analysis of Expenditures by Fund – Budgetary Basis has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Searle Hut & associates PLC

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our reported dated July 10, 2014, on our consideration of Bingham County, Idaho's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Bingham County, Idaho's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Idaho Falls, Idaho July 10, 2014

The discussion and analysis of Bingham County, Idaho's financial performance provides a comprehensive view of the County's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2013. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the County's financial performance as a whole; readers should review the notes to the basic financial statements as well as the financial statements to enhance their understanding of this audit.

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS:

The key financial highlights for 2013 are as follows:

- 1. As of September 30, 2013, the County's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$16,106,467, as compared to \$16,174,448 ending fund balance as of September 30, 2012.
- 2. As of September 30, 2013, the fund balance for the General Fund was \$1,363,981, a decrease of \$500,562 from the fund balance as of September 30, 2012.

### USING THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Bingham County, Idaho as a financial whole; an entire operating entity. The statements provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole County, presenting both an aggregate view of the County's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the County's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column. In Bingham County, Idaho, significant funds identified are: General Fund, Road & Bridge Fund, Justice Fund, Solid Waste Fund, Road and Bridge — Special Projects Fund, and Payment in Lieu of Taxes Fund.

### REPORTING THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE

The County-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business.

### Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities:

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the County's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the difference reported as net position. The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the current year. These statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting method used by private sector companies. The basis of accounting takes into consideration all of the current year's revenues and expenses, regardless of when the cash is received or paid.

The change in net position is important because it tells the reader whether, for the County as a whole, the financial position of the County has improved or diminished. However, in evaluating the overall position of the County, non-financial information such as changes in the County's tax base and the condition of the County's capital assets will also need to be evaluated.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the County has one kind of activity:

Governmental Activities: Most of the County's programs and services are reported here, including general government, public safety, public works, health, human services, and economic development. These services are funded primarily by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, including federal and state grants and other shared revenues.

### Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objects. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the County's major funds. Based on the restriction of the use of the moneys, the County has established funds that account for the multitude of services provided to our residents.

Governmental Funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities on the government-wide financial statement. Most of the County's basic services are reported in these funds that focus on how much flows into and out of the funds and the year-end balances available for spending. These funds are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting that measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the County's general government operations and the basic services being provided, along with the financial resources available.

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities on the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term effect of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds through reconciliations to facilitate comparisons between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County maintains a multitude of individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately on the Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds for the major funds, which were identified earlier. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Fiduciary Funds: Fiduciary Funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the County. Fiduciary funds are not reflected on the government-wide financial statements because the resources from these funds are not available to support the County's programs.

Notes to the Financial Statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided on the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information: In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents combining and individual fund statements and schedules.

# GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Table 1 - The following table summarizes the County's net position for 2013 and 2012:

	2013		2012
Current and other assets Capital assets, net of depreciation Investments in affiliates	\$ 17,658,811 12,895,457 5,250,036	<b>\$</b>	18,197,071 13,282,486 5,105,772
Total assets	35,804,304		36,585,329
Deferred outflows	-		13,643
Long-term debt outstanding Other liabilities	1,478,319 732,250		1,946,748 1,180,538
Total liabilities	2,210,569		3,127,286
Deferred inflows	-		-
Equity in net assets of affiliates	5,250,036		5,105,772
Net Position			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for:	11,968,703		12,231,333
Capital projects Debt service	-		-
Other projects	•		-
Unrestricted	16,374,996		16,134,581
Total net position and equity in net position			
of affiliates	\$ 33,593,735	\$	33,471,686

Table 2 - The following shows the changes in net position for 2013 and 2012:

	2013	2012
Revenues:		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 4,333,792 \$	4,506,607
Operating and capital grants and contributions	3,618,039	3,582,802
General revenues:		
Property taxes	11,600,308	10,989,374
Franchise taxes	-	-
Public service taxes	2,596,631	2,488,691
Intergovernmental revenues	753,912	932,057
Investment earnings net of decrease in fair value	(96,482)	290,318
Miscellaneous	784,962	895,696
. Other	<del></del>	
Total revenues before equity earnings of		
County affiliates	23,591,162	23,685,545
Expenses:		
General government	6,271,297	5,677,820
Public safety	7,394,106	7,239,696
Public works	5,154,990	5,101,755
Health, welfare and sanitation	4,423,967	4,567,851
Culture and recreation	382,409	386,846
Education	71,600	49,050
Conservation/economic development	559,501	571,765
Interest on long-term debt	6,813	6,457
Total expenses	24,264,683	23,601,240
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	27,828	1,615
Transfers in	260,539	151,552
Equity in earnings of affiliates	1,495,320	1,484,782
Distributions received from equity of affiliates	(1,200,000)	(630,000)
	(1,200,000)	(050,000)
Increase (decrease) in net position	\$ (89,834)	1,092,254

The following information and percentages do not include the gain (loss) on sale of assets, transfers, equity in earnings of affiliates, or distributions received from equity of affiliates.

Governmental activities decreased the County's net position by \$673,521.

Property taxes account for the largest single revenue item for the County. Property taxes totaled \$11,600,308, representing approximately 49% of total County revenue.

Charges for services in the amount of \$4,333,792 account for 18% of the total revenues. These charges are for recording fees, fees associated with the collection of property taxes, fines, and forfeitures related to judicial activity, and licenses and permits.

The County's grant and highway user revenues from federal and state sources made up \$4,371,951 or 18% of total governmental revenues. The major recipients of intergovernmental program revenues were general government, public works, public safety and culture and recreation.

Road and Bridge accounted for \$5,154,990 of the \$24,466,376 total expenses for governmental activities, or approximately 21% of total expenses.

Table 3 - Total cost of services and net cost of services.

	-	Total Cost of Services		Net Cost of Services
General government	\$	6,271,297	\$	5,148,828
Public safety		7,394,106		5,832,900
Public works		5,154,990		2,052,370
Health, welfare and sanitation		4,423,967		2,406,718
Culture and recreation		382,409		301,865
Education		71,600		8,658
Conservation/economic development		559,501		554,700
Interest on long-term debt	_	6,813	. <u>-</u>	6,813
Total	\$ _	24,264,683	. \$ _	16,312,852

Charges for services and operating and capital grants of \$7,951,831 (33% of the total costs of services) are received and used to fund the general government expenses of the County. The remaining \$16,312,852 in general government expenses is funded by property taxes, public service taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other revenue sources.

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY FUNDS

The County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

### Governmental Funds

The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of liquid resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the County's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

As of September 30, 2013, the County's government funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$16,106,467, a decrease of \$67,981 from the prior year. Eight percent of this total constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the County's discretion, and ninety-two percent constitutes assigned fund balance, which is intended to be used for specific purposes.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the County. At the end of 2013, unassigned fund balance was \$1,363,981. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare fund balance to total expenditures. General Fund unassigned fund balance represents approximately 23% of the total General Fund expenditures. The County's General Fund balance decreased \$500,562 during fiscal year 2013.

### **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

By state statute, the Board of County Commissioners adopts the annual operating budget for the County effective the first day of October. The budget was amended on April 12, 2013 to increase the expenditure budget for the Justice, Solid Waste, Junior College, and Consolidated Election funds. In addition, on September 19, 2013 the budget was amended to adjust for additional expenditures in the Youth Court Services fund.

Justice	\$ 30,000
Solid Waste	44,000
Junior College	40,000
Consolidated Elections	20,000
Youth Court Services	 5,000
Total expenditure budget changes	\$ 139,000

### Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets – Bingham County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2013, amounts to \$12,895,457 (net of depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, infrastructure, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment (see table below).

	2013	2012
Land	\$ 1,874,609 \$	1,858,564
Infrastructure	5,240,354	5,240,354
Construction in progress		•
Buildings and improvements	 8,625,768	8,426,408
Machinery and equipment	12,457,044	12,752,893
Accumulated depreciation	(15,302,318)	(14,995,733)
Total capital assets, net of depreciation	\$ 12,895,457 \$	13,282,486

The County has adopted an allowable alternative to reporting depreciation for its road network. Under this alternative method, referred to as the "modified approach," the County must maintain an asset management system and demonstrate that its highways and roads are being preserved at or above condition levels established by County policy. Infrastructure assets accounted for under the modified approach are not depreciated and maintenance and preservation costs are expensed.

The Bingham County Road and Bridge Department manages its road network using a rating system. This system uses a measurement scale that considers the condition of the roads as denoted by pavement condition. A paved road is considered to be in "A" or "Excellent" condition when it is new, in "B" or "Good" condition when only chip seals are required, in "C" or "Fair" condition when maintenance more than chip sealing is required, in "D" or "Poor" condition when it is uneven to drive on (overlay, etc.), and in "F" or "Failed" condition when reconstruction is needed. "O" or "Not Rated" refers to other roads (dirt). A gravel road is considered to be in "A" condition if it only needs maintenance once a year and is safe, in "B" condition when it requires occasional maintenance and or slight improvements, in "C" condition when it is adequate – will be needing gravel and other improvements in the future, but is okay for now, in "D" condition when it needs gravel, etc., in "F" condition when it needs gravel, shoulders, widening, etc., and in "O" condition for all others.

It is Bingham County Road and Bridge's goal to maintain at least 50% of its road network at a category level of "fair" or above, and allow no more than 10 percent at a category level of "Failed". In order to achieve a complete condition assessment of all County roads within a period of three years, condition assessments are performed on approximately one-third of the roads annually. The most recent condition assessment, completed in 2013, shows that 98.98% of the County's roads were in "fair" or better condition.

Comparisons with the prior year reflect changes in assessment levels. Between the Road and Bridge and Road and Bridge – Special Projects funds, \$5,921,900 was budgeted to maintain eligible infrastructure assets and \$4,752,570 was spent.

The costs of construction and maintenance needed to maintain and replace aging and deteriorating infrastructure are reflected in the following table.

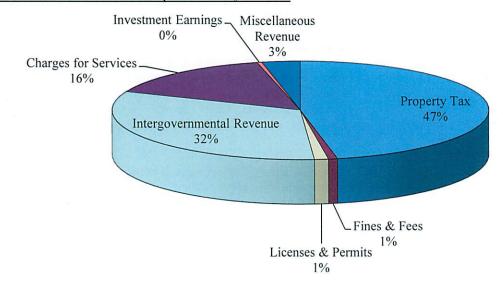
### INCREASED (DECREASED) COSTS FOR ROAD DEPARTMENTS

	 2013	 2012	 Difference	% Increase (Decrease)
Road Oil CRS2 (per ton)	\$ 429	\$ 455	\$ (26)	(5.70%)
Diesel (per gal w/o taxes)	3	4	(1)	(25.00%)
Gasoline (per gal w/o taxes)	3	3	•	` <u>-</u>

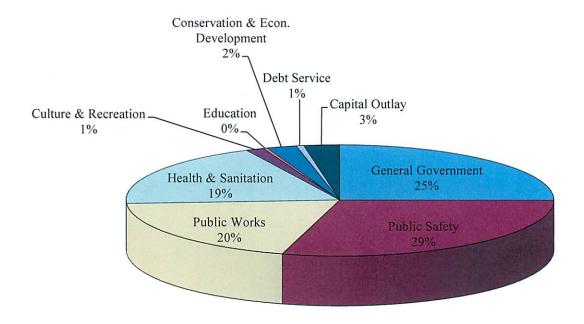
Long-term Debt – At September 30, 2013, the County had no general obligation debt outstanding. The County's long-term debt decreased by \$105,490 during 2013 fiscal year.

	2013	2012	
Compensated absences	\$ 551,565	\$	532,656
Capital leases	162,976		87,003
Accrued interest	3,811		2,490
Landfill closure costs	759,967		961,660
Total	\$ 1,478,319	\$	1,583,809

# Governmental revenues and expenditures by function



2013 Governmental Fund Revenues by Function



2013 Governmental Fund Expenditures by Function

### Current Financial Issues and Concerns

#### **Economic Growth**

Estimated population figures for 2013 show a slight decline to 45,290.

Real and personal property tax assessments, based on net taxable value, have increased from \$1,643,751,718 in 2012 to \$1,799,099,647 in 2013. The 2013 fiscal year property tax revenue is based on the 2012 property values. Tax collections remain stable.

Bingham County's unemployment rate continued to drop in 2012 - 2013 from 6.9% to 6.4% of the workforce. Agriculture and industries related to agriculture continue to be the top job producers in the County. Despite some layoffs due to consolidation, strong commodity prices have helped keep this industry strong.

The metal fabrication industry is doing well and medical related jobs continue to be the highest paying jobs in the County.

As for new jobs, the location of Porter House, Inc.'s new training center in Shelley and the purchase of the Sartori Foods plant by Glanbia Foods have created 40 new jobs between them. The new Golden Valley Foods plant continues to move forward with the construction phase, creating jobs now with plans to hire 200 plus workers when it opens.

Although our economy depends heavily on agriculture, our proximity to the Idaho National Laboratory, the Fort Hall Indian Reservation, and two larger cities, Idaho Falls to the north and Pocatello to the south, provide a wide variety of employment opportunities.

Premier Technology (a high technology metal fabricator), Spudnik Equipment (farm equipment manufacturing company), and First American Title have their headquarters in Bingham County.

Other major, non-government employers in the area continue to be Basic American Foods, Bingham Memorial Hospital, Shoshone-Bannock Tribes' gambling operation, Idaho Supreme Potatoes, J. R. Simplot, Wada Farms, and Walmart. The J. R. Simplot's Aberdeen potato processing plant is scheduled to close in 2014.

Government employment provides 30% of the jobs in the County because of Idaho's State Hospital South, University of Idaho Agricultural Experiment Station, local school districts, and Bingham County.

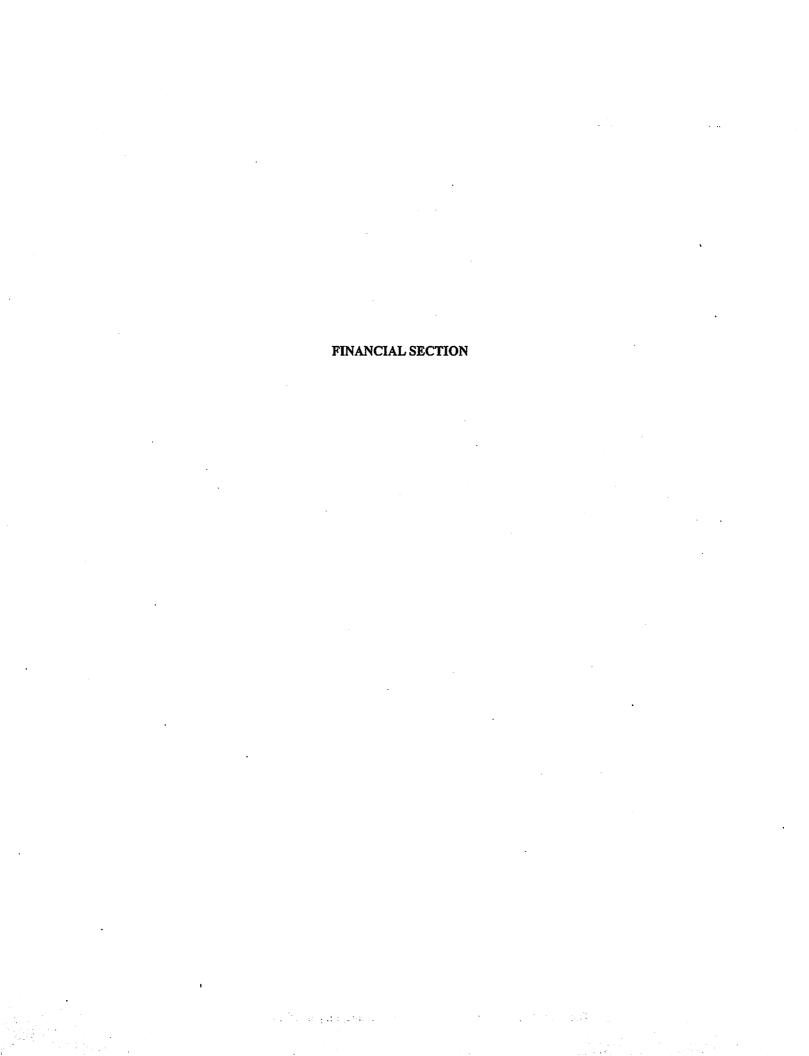
# Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to:

Bingham County Auditor 501 N. Maple, Room 107 Blackfoot ID 83221

(208) 782-3160

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# BINGHAM COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2013

	G	OVERNMENTA	۱L	mom
ASSETS		ACTIVITIES		TOTAL
Cash - County Treasurer	\$	15,108,481	\$	16 100 401
Taxes receivable	J	462,902	Þ	,,
Receivables		402,902 88,947		462,902 88,947
Internal balances		00,747		00,747
Due from other governmental		•		•
agencies		1,998,481		1,998,481
Inventories		1,770,401		1,770,401
Other assets		•		•
Other assets limited as to use		•		-
Capital Assets		-		-
Land		1 974 (00		1 074 (00
		1,874,609		1,874,609
Construction in progress		-		-
Infrastructure, not depreciated		2,243,829		2,243,829
Infrastructure, depreciated		2,996,525		2,996,525
Buildings and improvements		8,625,768		8,625,768
Equipment and furniture		12,196,976		12,196,976
Equipment under capital leases		260,068		260,068
Less: accumulated depreciation		(15,302,318)		(15,302,318)
Total Capital Assets		12,895,457		12,895,457
Investment in affiliates		5,250,036		5,250,036
TOTAL ASSETS		35,804,304		35,804,304
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	\$	-	\$	•

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	GOVERNMENTAL			
	_	<u>ACTIVITIES</u>	_	TOTAL
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and accrued				
expenses	\$	732,250	\$	732,250
Due to other governmental				
agencies		-		-
Long-term liabilities				
Due within one year				
Bonds, capital leases and contracts		72,826		72,826
Accrued interest		3,811		3,811
Compensated absences		16,547		16,547
Claims and judgments		•		,-
Due in more than one year				
Deferred revenues		-		-
Bonds, capital leases and contracts		90,150		90,150
Accrued interest		,		
Compensated absences		535,018		535,018
Claims and judgments		-		-
Accrued landfill closure/postclosure				
care costs		759,967		759,967
00000	•	133,301	•	739,907
TOTAL LIABILITIES		2,210,569		2,210,569
TOTAL BIADIBITES	•	2,210,309	-	2,210,309
DEFERRED INFLOWS				
DEI ERRED INTEGWS	•	<u>-</u> _	•	
<b>EQUITY IN NET POSITION</b>				
OF AFFILIATES		5 250 026		5 250 026
OF AFFILIATES		5,250,036	•	5,250,036
NET POSITION				
Invested in capital assets,				
net of related debt		11.060.702		11 060 702
		11,968,703		11,968,703
Restricted for:				
Capital projects		-		-
Debt service		•		-
Other projects		•		•
Unrestricted		16,374,996		16,374,996
TOTAL NET POSITION		28,343,699		28,343,699
TOTAL NET POSITION AND EQ	UIT	Ý		
IN NET POSITION OF				
AFFILIATES	\$	33,593,735	\$	33,593,735
	•			

# BINGHAM COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

			PROGRAM REVENUE					
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Primary government	_	Expenses	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$	6,271,297	\$ 875,410	\$	247,059	\$	-	
Public safety		7,394,106	1,406,894		154,312		-	
Public works		5,154,990	4,955		3,097,665		-	
Health, welfare and sanitation		4,423,967	2,007,642		9,607		-	
Culture and recreation		382,409	34,090		46,454		-	
Education		71,600	-		62,942		-	
Conservation/economic development		559,501	4,801		•		-	
Interest on long-term debt	-	6,813	-	_			-	
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	-	24,264,683	4,333,792	_	3,618,039		<u> </u>	
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ .	24,264,683	\$ 4,333,792	\$ _	3,618,039	\$	<u> </u>	

### General revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes, levied for general purposes

Property taxes, levied for debt service

Franchise taxes

Public service taxes

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Unrestricted investment earnings

Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments

Miscellaneous

Special items - gain (loss) on sale of assets

Transfers

# TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES, SPECIAL ITEMS, AND TRANSFERS

Change in net position
Equity in earnings of affiliates
Distributions of equity of County affiliates

Restated Net Position, October 1, 2012

**NET POSITION, SEPTEMBER 30, 2013** 

# NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	NET P	<u>US</u>	ITION
	Primary (	<u>Go</u>	vernment
	Governmental		
	Activities		Total
	Activities		Total
_			
\$	(5,148,828)	\$	(5,148,828)
	(5,832,900)		(5,832,900)
	(2,052,370)		(2,052,370)
	(2,406,718)		(2,406,718)
	(301,865)		(301,865)
	(8,658)		(8,658)
	(554,700)		(554,700)
	(6,813)		(6,813)
	(0,013)		(0,813)
	(16,312,852)		(16,312,852)
	(16,312,852)		(16,312,852)
	11,600,308		11,600,308
	-		-
	0.506.601		-
	2,596,631		2,596,631
	753,912		753,912
	125,090		125,090
	(221,572)		(221,572)
	784,962		784,962
	27,828		27,828
	260,539		260,539
	15,927,698		15,927,698
	(385,154)		(385,154)
	1,495,320		1,495,320
	(1,200,000)		(1,200,000)
	33,683,569		33,683,569
\$	33,593,735	\$	33,593,735

# BINGHAM COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2013

		GENERAL FUND		ROAD & BRIDGE FUND		JUSTICE FUND	S	OLID WASTE FUND
ASSETS			•		•		•	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,131,411	\$	719,530	\$	734,149	\$	2,624,812
Investments		-		-		-		-
Taxes receivable		128,303		41,856		130,582		23,973
Due from other funds		-		9,051		-		-
Receivable from other governments		392,768		630,648		281,239		-
Other receivables		-		3,000		345		20,842
Inventories		-		-		-		-
Prepaid expenses		-		-		-		-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,652,482	\$	1,404,085	\$	1,146,315	\$	2,669,627
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities:	s							
Accounts payable	\$	161,411	\$	137,521	\$	107,751	\$	98,203
Due to other funds		9,051		-				•
Payable to other governments		•		-		-		-
Deferred revenue		118,039		38,508		132,845		22,055
Other accrued expenses		-		-		-		-
Other payables			•					•
TOTAL LIABILITIES		288,501	•	176,029	•	240,596		120,258
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-
Restricted		-		-		-		-
Assigned		-		1,228,056		905,719		2,549,369
Unassigned		1,363,981	-	-		-	-	•
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		1,363,981	-	1,228,056	-	905,719	-	2,549,369
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND								
FUND BALANCES	\$	1,652,482	\$	1,404,085	\$	1,146,315	\$	2,669,627

RC	DAD & BRIDO SPECIAL PROJECTS FUND	GE	PAYMENT IN LIEU TAXES FUND	GO	OTHER VERNMENTA FUNDS	L GO	TOTAL OVERNMENTAL FUNDS
\$	663,865	\$	4,476,690	\$	4,758,024	\$	15,108,481
	-		-		-		-
	22,316		-		136,901		483,931
	•		-		2,068		11,119
	181,137		-		187,943		1,673,735
	-		362,939		5,538		392,664
	-		-		-		•
							-
\$	867,318	\$	4,839,629	\$	5,090,474	\$	17,669,930
\$	51,884	\$		\$	175,480 2,068	\$	732,250 11,119
	-		-		-		•
	20,531		362,939		125,177		820,094
	-						•
	72,415	•	362,939		302,725		1,563,463
		, ,					
	-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-
	794,903		4,476,690		4,787,749		14,742,486
		•	-				1,363,981
	794,903	•	4,476,690		4,787,749		16,106,467
\$	867,318	. \$	4,839,629	\$	5,090,474	\$	17,669,930

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# BINGHAM COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2013

Total fund balance, governmental funds:	\$ 16,106,467
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in this fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net	
Position.	12,895,457
Certain other long-term assets are not available to pay current period expenditures and therefore are not reported in this fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement	
of Net Position.	820,094
The investment in affiliates is not reflected on the governmental funds balance sheet, but is reflected in the Statement of Net Position.	5,250,036
Some liabilities, (such as Notes Payable, Capital Lease Contract Payable, Long-term Compensated Absences, and Bonds Payable), are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement	7,223,723
of Net Position.	 (1,478,319)
Net position of governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position:	\$ 33,593,735

# BINGHAM COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

	GENERAL FUND		ROAD & BRIDGE FUND		JUSTICE FUND		SOLID WASTE FUND
REVENUES		٠		•		_	
Taxes \$	2,895,217	\$	1,191,605	\$	3,211,805	\$	168
Sales and miscellaneous taxes	-		-		-		-
Licenses and permits	158,862		-		93,826		-
Intergovernmental revenues	1,490,614		2,571,593		1,417,386		-
Charges for services	503,365		5,475		335,078		1,689,580
Fines and forfeitures	470		•				
Investment earnings	41,286		-		83,804		_
Net increase (decrease) in fair value	•				,		
of investments	(73,784)		_		(147,788)		-
Miscellaneous and contributions	117,829		60,128		81,388	_	1,733
EXPENDITURES	5,133,859		3,828,801	•	5,075,499	-	1,691,481
Current:							
General government	3,882,665						
Public safety	1,440,612		-		5,148,099		-
Public works	1,440,012		3,340,825		3,140,099		-
Health and sanitation	140,089		3,340,623		-		1 707 257
Culture and recreation	140,009		-		-		1,797,357
Education	-		-		-		-
Conservation/economic development	740.057		-		-		-
Debt Service:	348,853		-		-		-
					110 505		
Principal	-		-		112,735		•
Interest and other charges Capital outlay	-				4,324		-
Capital Outlay	11,014	•	29,500	•	225,576	-	81,860
Fusing (deficiency) of	5,823,233		3,370,325		5,490,734	_	1,879,217
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(600 274)		450 476		(415.025)		(107 72 ()
over experiences	(689,374)		458,476		(415,235)		(187,736)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USE:	S)						
Proceeds from capital leases	-		-		208,181		-
Other sources (uses)	-		-		42,471		-
Transfers in	200,000		-		-		-
Transfers out	(11,188)		(8,746)	•	(11,011)	_	
SPECIAL ITEM	188,812		(8,746)		239,641		<b>-</b>
Proceeds from sale of assets	-					_	<u> </u>
Net change in fund balances	(500,562)		449,730		(175,594)		(187,736)
Fund Balances, Oct. 1, 2012	1,864,543		778,326	-	1,081,313	-	2,737,105
FUND BALANCES, SEPT. 30, 2013 \$	1,363,981	\$	1,228,056	\$	905,719	\$ =	2,549,369

RC	OAD & BRIDGE	PAYMENT				
	SPECIAL	IN LIEU		OTHER		TOTAL
	<b>PROJECTS</b>	TAXES	GO	VERNMENTAL	GC	OVERNMENTAL
	FUND	FUND	_	FUNDS		FUNDS
\$	531,838 \$	-	\$	3,312,032	\$	11,142,665
	3,172	-		•		3,172
	•	•		34,014		286,702
	722,140	724,241		764,576		7,690,550
	-	-		1,081,666		3,615,164
	=	-		186,371		186,841
	-	-		-		125,090
						(221 572)
	20.150	2.000		405.005		(221,572)
	29,150	3,998		495,995		790,221
	1,286,300	728,239		5,874,654		23,618,833
	7,200,500			0,011,001		25,610,055
	-	93,014		2,094,748		6,070,427
	-	-		497,676		7,086,387
	1,382,245	-		2,313		4,725,383
	•	-		2,620,639		4,558,085
	-	-		336,039		336,039
	-	-		71,600		71,600
	-	-		203,611		552,464
	-	-		19,473		132,208
	-			1,168		5,492
		244,000		67,970_		659,920
	1,382,245	337,014		5,915,237		24,198,005
	1,362,243	337,014		<u> </u>		24,170,003
	(95,945)	391,225		(40,583)		(579,172)
	(,,			( 1,111,		( , ,
	-	-		-		208,181
	••			-		42,471
	-	-		122,350		322,350
	(1,527)	_		(29,339)		(61,811)
	(a. ===)					
	(1,527)	•		93,011		511,191
	(97,472)	391,225		52,428		(67,981)
	892,375	4,085,465		4,735,321		16,174,448
•	704 000	4 457 700				
\$	794,903 \$	4,476,690	. \$	4,787,749	\$	16,106,467

# BINGHAM COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

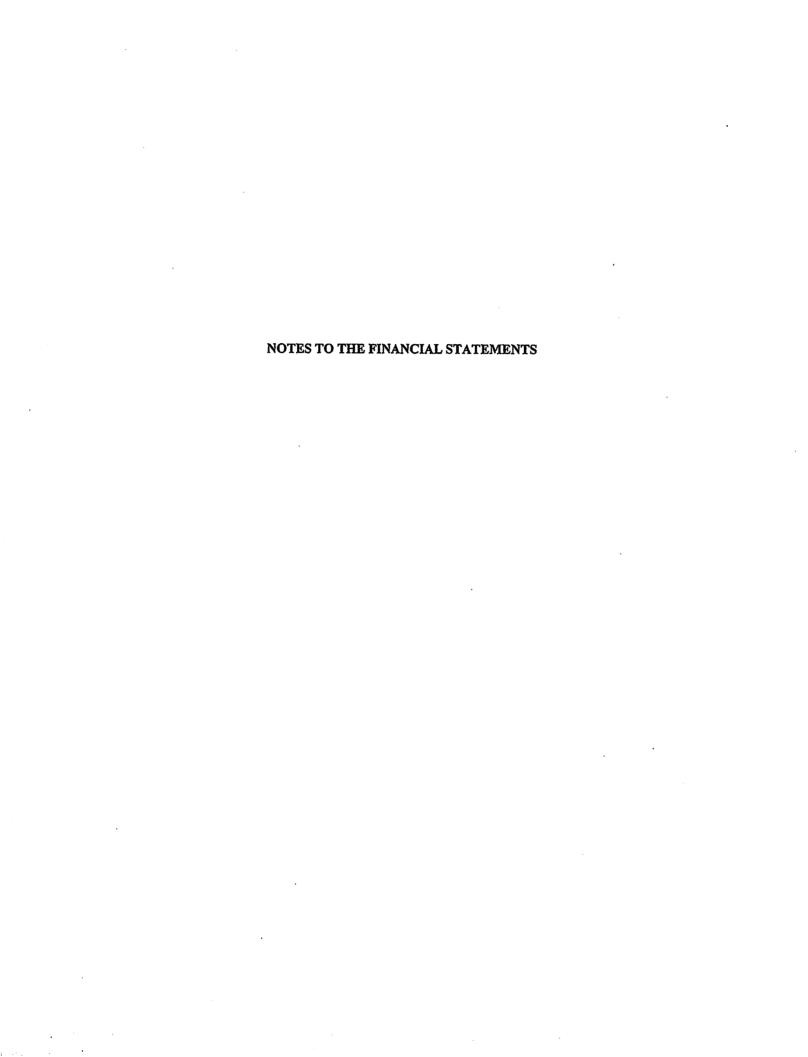
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:	\$ (67,981)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures because such outlays use current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only a portion of the outlay as expense. The amount capitalized is allocated over the assets' estimated useful lives as depreciation expense for the period.  This is the amount by which capital outlays of \$659,920 differs from depreciation of \$1,040,269 in the current period.	(380,349)
Governmental funds report the entire net sales price (proceeds) from sale of an asset as revenue because it provides current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only the gain on the sale of the assets.	(20,323)
Governmental funds do not present revenues that are not available to pay current obligations. In contrast, such revenues are reported in the Statement of Activities when earned. This is the net change in deferred revenue.	(21,991)
Governmental funds report long-term proceeds as current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats such issuance of debt as a liability. Governmental funds report repayment of long-term debt principal as an expenditure. In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats such repayments as a reduction in long-term liabilities. This is the amount by which proceeds exceeded repayments.	(75,973)
The contributed investment in affliates is reflected on the Statement of Activities, but is not reflected on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of the governmental funds.	-
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and these are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:	
This is the net change in accrued landfill postclosure costs.  This is the net change in accrued interest.	201,693 (1,321)
Governmental funds do not recognize compensated absences as expenditures until they are paid. In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats compensated absences as a long term liability. This amount is the net change in the compensated absence	
liability.	(18,909)
Change in net position of governmental activities:	\$ (385,154)

# BINGHAM COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION September 30, 2013

A CORPTO		PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS		AGENCY FUNDS
ASSETS	•		_	
Cash	\$	1,934,799	\$	282,897
Receivables				656,082
TOTAL ASSETS		1,934,799		938,979
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		225,385		19,593
Payable to the State of Idaho				263,304
Payable to taxing districts		-		656,082
Deferred revenues				
TOTAL LIABILITIES		225,385		938,979
NET POSITION				
Held in trust for individuals, organizations and other governments	\$	1,709,414	\$	-

# BINGHAM COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION September 30, 2013

		ATE PURPOSE RUST FUNDS
ADDITIONS	_	<del></del>
Taxes	\$	-
Licenses and permits		1,420,661
Intergovernmental revenues		10,150
Charges for services		175,831
Fines and forfeitures		188,668
Investment earnings		-
Miscellaneous and contributions		3,305,711
Transfers from other funds	_	20,129
TOTAL ADDITIONS	_	5,121,150
DEDUCTIONS		
Trust operating expenses		4,883,399
Transfers to other funds	_	280,479
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	_	5,163,878
Change in net position		(42,728)
Net position - October 1, 2012	_	1,752,142
Net position - September 30, 2013	\$_	1,709,414



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# BINGHAM COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO INDEX TO NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

### **NOTES INDEX**

- 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies
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  - D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting
  - E. Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Balances/Net Position
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- 2. Cash and Investments
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- 4. Retirement Plan
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- 16. Blackfoot Urban Renewal Agency Agreement

# - BINGHAM COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO INDEX TO NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

# **NOTES INDEX (Continued)**

- 17. Investments in Unconsolidated Affiliates
- 18. Joint Venture Agreement
- 19. Restated Beginning Net Position

# BINGHAM COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Bingham County is organized and operates under the provisions of the Idaho Constitution and the accounting policies and practices of the County conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governments, except for the exceptions noted hereafter:

### A. GENERAL

The financial statements listed in the table of contents have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental entities. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

In June 1999, the GASB issued and approved Statements No. 34, Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments and GASB Statement No. 37, Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments: Omnibus. These statements establish new financial reporting requirements for state and local governments, public colleges, and universities throughout the United States. They require new information and restructure much of the information that governments have presented in the past. Certain significant changes in the statement include the following:

- Financial statements are prepared using the full accrual accounting method for all County activities.

The County's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial position.

### **B. REPORTING ENTITY**

The scope of the reporting entity is intended to cover those funds under the direct jurisdiction of the governing boards, elected or appointed, that exercise substantial or total administrative and supervisory authority in their name and are considered to be substantially autonomous from Bingham County government. In addition, the County receives and disburses money from various agency accounts held for other entities. These accounts are maintained for others only in fiduciary capacity and beyond that capacity are not included in this report.

### C. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The County's basic financial statements consist of both government-wide statements and fund statements. The government-wide statements focus on the County as a whole, while the fund statements focus on individual funds.

### Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statements present information on all non-fiduciary activities of the government. The County's activities are distinguished between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. The effects of interfund activity have been eliminated from the government-wide statements except for the residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities.

# BINGHAM COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

# 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The Statement of Net Position presents the County's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net Position. Net position is restricted when constraints placed upon it are either externally imposed or are imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable within a specific function. The County does not allocate general government (indirect) expenses to other functions. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other revenues not meeting the definition of program revenues are reported as general revenues.

### Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the County are recorded in individual funds. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is used to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. Separate statements are provided for governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds. For governmental and proprietary funds, the emphasis is on major funds, with each displayed in a separate column.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund The fund is the principal operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all financial resources not required to be accounted for in another fund.
- Road & Bridge This fund accounts for maintenance of County roads and bridges, and is funded primarily from State Highway User revenue as well as from general property tax revenues.
- Justice Fund This fund accounts for law enforcement activities of the county. It is funded primarily from general property tax revenues, prisoner housing and grants.
- Solid Waste Fund This fund accounts for the transfer of solid waste and landfill operations of the County. It is funded primarily from user fees.
- Road & Bridge Special Projects This fund accounts for the maintenance and replacement of County roads and bridges and is primarily funded from State Highway User revenue as well as from general property tax revenues.
- Pilt Fund This fund accounts for internal restrictions of funds accumulated for County contingencies and future capital expansion of facilities or other capital projects. It is funded by federal "payment in lieu of taxes" revenues.

The remaining governmental and business-type funds are considered to be nonmajor funds and are consolidated in a nonmajor funds column (on the combined fund statements). The nonmajor funds are displayed individually in combining schedules.

# BINGHAM COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds account for the County's general activities including current expendable financial resources (except for those accounted for in proprietary funds), and are those through which most governmental functions of the County are financed. The following are the County's governmental fund types:

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds – Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects or expendable trusts) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Capital Projects Funds – Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the financial resources used to acquire major capital assets (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

Debt Service Funds – Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation and disbursement of resources used for the repayment of general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

### <u>Proprietary Fund Types – Enterprise Funds</u>

Enterprise Funds – Enterprise Funds account for operations that meet one of two criteria: 1) the activity runs in a manner similar to private business enterprises. Moreover, the intent of the governing body is that the ongoing operating costs (including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the public are financed or recovered primarily through user charges, or 2) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

### Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary Funds account for assets held in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, or other funds. The reporting focus is on net position and changes in net position.

Trust and Agency Funds – Expendable Trust Funds account for funds held in a trustee capacity. The accounting is essentially the same manner used for governmental funds. Agency funds are purely custodial in nature.

### D. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the related liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Other revenues are recognized in the year in which the related sales or other activity has occurred. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue when all eligibility requirements have been met.

# 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The proprietary and fiduciary fund statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues generally result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating items, such as interest expense and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The governmental fund financial statements are prepared and reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are generally recorded when the related liability is incurred.

# E. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION

Following are the County's significant policies regarding recognition and reporting of certain assets, liabilities, and equity.

#### Cash and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents consist primarily of demand deposits with financial institutions and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the purchase date. Investments include pooled investments and certificates of deposit with original maturities greater than three months.

### Receivables

Receivables include amounts due from other governments, and miscellaneous receivables. Receivables from other governments are reasonably assured; accordingly, no allowance for uncollectible accounts has been established.

### Taxes Receivable

Taxes receivables include current and delinquent property taxes receivable as well as interest and penalties on the delinquent property taxes receivable. Property taxes are levied in September of each year and become payable on December 20 and June 20 of the following year for real property taxes and December 20 for personal property taxes.

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien as of December 20 following levy in September. Therefore, no amount has been set aside for an allowance of doubtful accounts. Property taxes not collected before December 1, 2013 are classified as deferred revenue.

#### Capital Assets

The County defines a capital asset as an asset with an initial cost of \$10,000 or more for equipment, \$50,000 or more for land and buildings, \$250,000 or more for infrastructure and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value on the date of donation.

# 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Capital assets purchased in governmental funds are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund statements, however, interest expense for capital asset construction related to governmental activities is not capitalized. Interest expense incurred during construction of capital assets related to business-type activities is capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Building, equipment, infrastructure, and other depreciable assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives from 5 to 70 years. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements.

In June 1999, the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 34 which requires the inclusion of infrastructure capital assets in government's basic financial statements. Phase 2 governments, those with total annual revenues of \$10,000,000 up to \$100,000,000, should retroactively report all major general infrastructure assets for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2006. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, the County has included the value of all major infrastructure capitalized since 1980 beginning with the 2006 - 2007 basic financial statements.

The County has adopted an allowable alternative to reporting depreciation for its roads network. Under this alternative method, referred to as the "modified approach," the County must maintain an asset management system and demonstrate that its roads are being preserved at or above condition levels established by County policy. Infrastructure assets accounted for under the modified approach are not depreciated, and maintenance and preservation costs are expensed.

### Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide statements and proprietary fund statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Bond premiums, discounts, and issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method which approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums, discounts, and issuance costs are recognized as expenditures in the current period. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources.

### Net Position/Fund Balances

The difference between assets plus deferred outflows and liabilities plus deferred inflows is reported as net position on the government-wide, proprietary fund, and fiduciary fund statements, and reported as fund balance on the governmental fund statements.

# 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### F. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The Idaho Constitution and the Idaho Department of Revenue and Taxation prescribe the budget process and procedures for governmental subdivisions. Bingham County has satisfied the basic requirements prescribed in the following particulars:

- 1) Formulation of subsequent year budget requirements by internal County officers and personnel,
- 2) Perusal of formulated budgets by the County Commission and its clerk,
- 3) Presentation of preliminary and final budget requirements in formal news media of the County, and
- 4) Open hearings to permit taxpayer input before such budgets are formally adopted,

Subsequent control budgets following adoption are accomplished through a budget-expenditures control system with interim status accounting and reporting made available to officers and employees for management purposes. Budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting. The County does not maintain a formal encumbrance accounting system.

#### G. COMPENSATED ABSENCES AND POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Accumulated unpaid vacation and other employee benefits are accrued when incurred in proprietary funds on the accrual basis of accounting. Such amounts are not accrued in governmental funds on the modified accrual basis of accounting. At September 30, 2013, unrecorded fund liabilities included approximately \$551,565 of total leave time accumulations and are considered normal to the County operation.

Vacation and compensatory leave are recorded as an expenditure when used in governmental funds and as an expense when earned in proprietary funds and in the government-wide statements. A liability for unused vacation and compensatory leave is recorded in the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

#### H. REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in governmental funds when "measurable and available". Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Bingham County considers property tax revenues to be "available" if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue when all eligibility requirements have been met. All other revenues, including sales taxes, are considered to be available if they are collected within 30 days of the fiscal year-end. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

In proprietary funds and government-wide statements, revenues are recognized when earned.

#### I. EXPENDITURE/EXPENSE RECOGNITION

In governmental funds, expenditures are generally recorded when the related liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Capital asset acquisition and construction are reported as expenditures in the period they are acquired.

In proprietary funds and government-wide statements, expenses are recorded when the related liability is incurred.

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses as the revenues and expenses generally resulting from provision of services in connection with an operation. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When an expenditure or expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available, the County generally uses restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

### J. INTERFUND ACTIVITY AND BALANCES

**Government-wide Statements** 

In general, eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activity. In the government-wide statements, there were no interfund receivables or payables at September 30, 2013. During 2013, there were no transfers between governmental and business-type activities.

### **Governmental Fund Statements**

Interfund transactions for goods and services provided and used are reported as revenues and expenditures/expenses in the funds involved. Cash transfers between funds of the County are reported as other financing sources and uses in the governmental fund statements.

# K. NONSPENDABLE AND SPENDABLE FUND BALANCES

Fund balance is separated into nonspendable and spendable fund balances. Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either: (1) not in spendable form or (2) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Spendable amounts are classified into restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. The following is a list of nonspendable and spendable fund balance designations for Bingham County:

Nonspendable: Fund balances associated with inventories, prepaids, long-term loans, notes receivable, and property held for resale (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned).

Restricted: Fund balances that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.

Committed: Fund balances that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Board of County Commissioners (the County's highest level of decision-making authority).

Assigned: Fund balances that are intended to be used by the County for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed.

Unassigned: Fund balances that include all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

# L. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

# 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash deposits and investments by the County Treasurer (including \$2,000 petty cash) as of September 30, 2013, totaled \$17,326,177, of which \$4,845,845 represented demand deposits and simple time certificates of deposits, \$4,952,022 represented investments in government backed securities, investment certificates of deposits, and mortgage-backed securities, and \$7,528,310 represented deposits in the State of Idaho Local Government Investment Pool. Of the total deposits for the County, \$15,108,481 was allocated to governmental funds.

The County follows the requirements of the Idaho Public Depository Law (Idaho Code Section, Title 57-100), and applicable investment rights and restrictions cited by Idaho Code Section, Title 67, 67-1210.

# **Deposits**

At year end, the carrying amount of the County's deposits with financial institutions was \$4,845,845 and the bank balance was \$4,907,634. The amount not covered by FDIC insurance was \$3,342,612. As of September 30, 2013, County funds in demand deposits were collateralized with the Federal Reserve to \$3,650,461.

#### Investments

The carrying value of the County's investments at year end was \$12,480,332 and the fair value was \$12,480,332. The amount not covered by insurance was \$10,609,474.

The County invests in the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) throught the Idaho State Treasurer. All funds are invested by the Idaho State Treasurer's office in accordance with Sections 67-1210 and 67-1210A of the Idaho Code. All investments for the LGIP are collateralized with securities held by the LGIP's safekeeping agent in the LGIP's name. The investments held by the LGIP are carried at cost, which is not materially different than fair value (determined by the Idaho State Treasurer's office). The investments are subject to risk from market and interest rate fluctuations.

The County does not have a written policy addressing credit risk, custodial credit risk or interest risk.

# 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

At year end, the County had the following investments:

Investment Type	 Fair Value		< 1 year		1 – 5 years		> 5 years	Rating
Federal Farm								
Credit	\$ 755,027	\$	-	\$	-	\$	755,027	AA+/Aaa
FHLMC	117,086		-		-		117,086	AA+/AAA
FNMA	1,035,721		-		99,636		936,085	AA+/AAA
FHLB	1,761,826		-		298,520		1,463,306	AA+/Aaa
Mortgage- backed securities	100,265		-		-		100,265	N/A
State Investment Pool	7,528,310		7,528,310		-		-	N/A
TVA	107,508		-		-		107,508	AA+/Aaa/AAA
Certificates of Deposit	1,074,589		246,515	•	828,074	-		N/A
Total Investments	\$ 12,480,332	. \$_	7,774,825	\$	1,226,230	\$	3,479,277	

# 3. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2013 was as follows:

Governmental Activities	-	Balance 10-01-2012	-	Additions	Deletions	_	Balance 09-30-2013
Capital assets, not being depreciated							
Land	\$	1,858,564	\$	26,500	(10,455)	\$	1,874,609
Infrastructure		2,243,829		-	•		2,243,829
Construction in progress	-		-	-	<u> </u>	_	-
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	_	4,102,393		26,500	(10,455)	_	4,118,438
Capital assets, being depreciated							
Infrastructure		2,996,525		-	-		2,996,525
Buildings and improvements		8,426,408		299,360	(100,000)		8,625,768
Machinery and equipment	-	12,752,893		347,703	(643,552)	_	12,457,044
Total capital assets, being depreciated		24,175,826		647,063	(743,552)	<del>.</del>	24,079,337
Less accumulated depreciation for							
Infrastructure		(452,345)		(59,931)	-		(512,276)
Buildings and improvements		(4,533,666)		(217,618)	94,687		(4,656,597)
Machinery and equipment		(10,009,722)		(762,720)	638,997	_	(10,133,445)
Total accumulated depreciation		(14,995,733)	,	(1,040,269)	733,684	-	(15,302,318)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		9,180,093		(393,206)	(9,868)	-	8,777,019
Governmental activity, capital assets, net	\$	13,282,486	\$	(366,706)	\$ (20,323)	\$_	12,895,457

Depreciation expense was charged to current function of the primary government as follows:

# **Governmental activities**

General government	\$ 181,961
Public safety	307,719
Public works	429,607
Health, welfare and sanitation	67,575
Culture and recreation	46,370
Conservation and economic development	 7,037
Total governmental activities	\$ 1,040,269

#### 4. RETIREMENT PLAN

Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI) – The PERSI Base Plan, a cost sharing multiple-employer public retirement system, was created by the Idaho State Legislature. It is a defined benefit plan requiring that both the member and the employer contribute. The plan provides benefits based on members' years of service, age and compensation. In addition, benefits are provided for disability, death, and survivors of eligible members or beneficiaries. The authority to establish and amend benefit provisions is established in <u>Idaho Code</u>. Designed as a mandatory system for eligible state and school district employees, the legislation provided for other political subdivisions to participate by contractual agreement with PERSI. After 5 years of credited service, members become fully vested in retirement benefits earned to date. Members are eligible for retirement benefits upon attainment of the ages specified for their employment classification. For each month of credited service, the annual service retirement allowance is 2.0% (2.3% police/firefighter) of the average monthly salary for the highest consecutive 42 months.

PERSI issues publicly available stand alone financial reports that include audited financial statements and required supplementary information. These reports may be obtained from PERSI's website www.persi.ida.gov.

The actuarially determined contribution requirements of Bingham County and its employees are established and may be amended by the PERSI Board of Trustees. For the year ended June 30, 2013, the required contribution rate as a percentage of covered payroll for members was 6.23% for general members and 7.65% for police/firefighters. The employer rate as a percentage of covered payroll was 10.39% for general members and 10.73% for police/firefighter members. Effective July 1, 2013, the required contribution rate percentages increased to 6.79% for general members and 8.36% for police and firefighters. The employer rates also increased to 11.32% for general members and 11.66% for police and firefighters. Bingham County's employer contributions required and paid were \$928,669, \$895,356, and \$881,622 for the three years ended September 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011 respectively.

# 5. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The county offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all County employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

The County funds all amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, at the direction of the covered employee, through investments in fixed annuity contracts administered by PEBSCO Deferred Compensation Plan Administrator.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property or rights are (until paid or made available to the employee or other beneficiary) solely the property and rights of the County (without being restricted to the provisions of benefits under the plan), subject only to the claims of the County's general creditors. Participants' rights under the plan are equal to those of general creditors of the County in an amount equal to the fair market value of the deferred account for each participant.

#### 6. LITIGATION AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Various claims and lawsuits are pending against the County. These claims and lawsuits are presently handled by the County's insurance company and the probability of potential loss in excess of insurance coverage is remote.

### 7. LONG-TERM DEBT

### Long-term Obligation Activity:

General long-term obligations of the County include capital leases. During the year ending September 30, 2013, the following changes occurred in long-term debt:

Governmental activities	Balance 10/01/2012	Additions	Reductions	Balance 09/30/2013	Amounts due within one year
Compensated absences	\$ 532,656	\$ 18,909	\$ -	\$ 551,565	\$ 16,547
Capital leases	87,003	208,181	(132,208)	162,976	72,826
Accrued interest	2,490	3,811	(2,490)	3,811	3,811
Landfill closure costs	961,660	12,907	(214,600)	759,967	
Total governmental activities	\$ 1,583,809	\$ 243,808	\$ (349,298)	\$ 1,478,319	\$ 93,184

# **Landfill Postclosure Costs**

Bingham County recalculated their postclosure care testing liability for the Fielding Landfill during the 2013 fiscal year which resulted in a decrease of \$214,600. The increase of \$12,907 is for postclosure costs for the Central Transfer Station.

# Capital Leases

Capital equipment leases are arranged through lease financing agreements with Ford Motor Credit Company. The arrangements provide for an initial down payment with annual payments varying from three to four years and interest ranging from 5.95% to 6.6%. These agreements provided current-year additions to long-term obligations, valued at cost, and totaling \$208,181. All additions to capital equipment are financed through current revenues.

The schedule below is an analysis of assets under capital leases as of September 30, 2013:

	Governmental Activities	Capital Assets Under Capital Leases
Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment	\$ 260,068	\$ 260,068
Total capital leases	\$ 260,068	\$ 260,068

# 7. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Obligations of governmental activities under capital leases as of September 30, 2013, were as follows:

Year Ended		Governmental Activities							
September 30		Principal		Interest	Total				
2014	\$	72,826	\$	8,477	\$	81,303			
2015		67,972		4,732		72,704			
2016		22,178		1,363		23,541			
Total	\$	162,976	\$	14,572	\$	177,548			

Debt service for governmental fund types is budgeted and expended from the fund to which the debt belongs. The majority of long-term debt belongs to the Justice Fund, and is paid from that fund when due.

### 8. CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COSTS

Idaho IDAPA 16, Title 01, Chapter 6 and federal regulations require the Bingham County solid waste landfills to place a final cover on its solid waste landfill sites when they stop accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste. The total estimated cost of landfill closure and postclosure care is estimated to be \$759,967. The Fielding landfill with estimated monitoring costs of \$267,900 was closed at the beginning of the 2003 fiscal year. Aberdeen landfill is estimated to last approximately 60-80 years, an increase from an estimated 30 years, with projected closing costs of \$382,360. The Rattle Snake landfill opened in 2003 and at September 30, 2013 was less than 7% full. It has an estimated life of approximately 140 years, an increase from 45 years, with projected closing costs of \$96,800. The Central Transfer Station is operated on an in and out basis with no waste accumulating; therefore it is estimated to have an indefinite life, but estimated costs of closure and postclosure care are \$12,907. The Bingham County solid waste landfill will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and postclosure care as the remaining estimated capacity is filled. The estimated liability is based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care of the current site in 2013 dollars. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. Final cover will be put on portions of the landfill when they are ready for closure to reduce the final cover costs when the landfill is closed.

The Bingham County solid waste landfills are not required to fund contributions to a trust to finance closure and postclosure care. The County may find that funding requirements may be inadequate or that additional postclosure care requirements are determined (due to changes in technology or applicable laws or regulations, for example) and these costs may need to be covered by charges to future landfill users or from tax revenue.

### 9. RESTRICTED AND ENCUMBERED FUND BALANCES

As of September 30, 2013, there were no restricted or encumbered fund balances.

# 10. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The County has not been directly involved in related party transactions that would violate the Idaho Code or Federal Regulations.

# 11. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ended September 30, 2013, consisted of the following:

Transfer to:	•	General	_	Tort	. ,	Rural Addressing	Ambulance Vehicle Trust	_	Totals
Transfer from:									
General Fund	\$	-	\$	11,009	\$	-	\$ -	\$	11,009
Road and Bridge		-		8,746		-	-		8,746
Airport		-		6		-	-		6
Justice		-		11,190		-	-		11,190
District Court		-		2,165		-	-		2,165
Fair		-		32		-	-		32
Health District		-		1,848		-			1,848
Historical Society		-		66		-	-		66
Indigent		-		674		-	-		674
Parks and									
Recreation		•		293		-	-		293
Revaluation		-		1,093		-	-		1,093
Weeds		-		585		-	-		585
Road & Bridge,									
Special Projects		-		1,527		-	-		1,527
Ambulance		-		2,637			20,000		22,637
Insurance Trust		200,000		-		-	-		200,000
Rural Addressing Trust		-	_	•		80,479		_	80,479
	\$	200,000	\$_	41,871	\$	80,479	\$ 20,000	\$_	342,350

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

### 12. MATERIAL VIOLATION OF FINANCE-RELATED LEGAL AND CONTRACTUAL PROVISIONS

There are no known violations of direct finance-related legal and contractual provisions.

#### 13. RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, and natural disasters. The County's risk management program encompasses various means of protecting the County against loss by obtaining property, casualty, and liability coverage through commercial insurance carriers.

In addition, funds are being accumulated in the Tort Fund as a contingency.

### 14. DEFICITS AND INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

There were no funds with deficit balances as of September 30, 2013.

As of Sepember 30, 2013, in the governmental fund statements, there was an interfund receivable to the Road and Bridge Fund from the General Fund in the amount of \$9,051 and there was an interfund receivable to the Tort Fund from the Ambulance Fund in the amount of \$2,068.

# 15. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events have been evaluated through the date of this report. There are no known subsequent events that will have a material impact on the operation of the County.

### 16. BLACKFOOT URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY AGREEMENT

On May 24, 2005, the County entered into an agreement with the Blackfoot Urban Renewal Agency. The County purchased 25.22 acres of property located near Blackfoot, Idaho, on West Bridge Street near the Snake River and transferred the title to the Blackfoot Urban Renewal Agency with the understanding that it would be used for the development of a technology industrial park. The Agency agreed to pay annually to the County an amount of money equal to the property tax revenue of a subdivision located in the Parkway-Meridian Urban Renewal Area during such time that the Parkway-Meridian Urban Renewal area exists. In addition, the Agency also agreed to pay annually to the County an amount equal to the personal property tax revenue the County would normally receive each year on the personal property located within the Riverview Industrial Park until such time as the total amount expended is equal to the amount the County paid for the property or until such time as the Riverview Urban Renewal Area is terminated. As of September 30, 2013, the balance of the note receivable was \$362,939. Revenue will be recognized under the cost recovery method as payments are received. The remaining receivable balance will be reflected in the liability section as deferred revenue.

#### 17. INVESTMENTS IN UNCONSOLIDATED AFFILIATES

Due to an Idaho State Supreme Court decision that prevents any government entity from issuing debt without voter approval, Bingham Memorial Hospital, a former component unit of Bingham County, transitioned from a county hospital to a nonprofit hospital. During the year ended June 30, 2007, BMH, Inc. (BMH) was incorporated as an Idaho nonprofit corporation in accordance with Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. A hospital lease and transfer agreement between the County and BMH was executed on June 22, 2007. Under the terms of the Agreement and in compliance with Idaho Code Section 31-3513A, the County is leasing the hospital to BMH, effective July 1, 2007 and ending June 30, 2106. Under the provisions of this lease, BMH is leasing all facilities, operations, operating assets, acquired assets, charitable assets, and the offsetting liabilities at a rate of \$1 per year. In addition, the County's ownership interest in Bingham Land, LLC was transferred to BMH. The ownership interests in CMRGO, LLC (CMRGO) and Doctors and Hospital Health System of Idaho LLC (DHHS) were booked with the County as investments of the County in these entities under the equity method. The Agreement stipulates that distributions from CMRGO and DHHS to the County will be paid to BMH, and BMH will pay any obligations the County has to CMRGO and DHHS.

In conjunction with the Agreement, there was a liquid assets transfer agreement between the County and BMH that was effective July 1, 2007. The liquid assets transfer agreement stipulates three types of payments due from BMH to the County for consideration of the liquid assets transferred under the Agreement. The first of these payments is a \$150,000 payment due annually beginning July 1, 2008. The second payment is an amount equal to 5% of the "Excess of Revenues Over Expenses" per BMH's audited financial statements, with a maximum payment of \$150,000 each year. This payment must be made within 150 days of each December 31 year-end, the new fiscal year-end of BMH, beginning with the year ending December 31, 2007. The final payment due from BMH to the County is related to indigent care claims, which will be passed through to BMH. BMH will reimburse the County up to \$150,000 per year for these payments.

Complete financial statements of BMH, Inc., known as Bingham Memorial Hospital, can be obtained from their administrative office at 98 Popular Street, Blackfoot, Idaho 83221.

The table below sets forth the carrying values of the County's equity investments in CMRGO and DHHS, the County's share of their earnings or losses and the distributions received, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2013. The County accounts for its investment in unconsolidated affiliates by the equity method. The County records its share of such earnings (loss) in the Statement of Activities as "Equity in earnings of affiliates" and the carrying value of the County's investment in commercial entities is recorded in the Statement of Net Position as "Equity in net position of affiliates".

		CRMGO	•	DHHS	Total
Equity in net position of affiliates, 09/30/2012	\$	1,454,489	\$	3,651,283	5,105,772
2013 Equity in earnings of affiliates Distributions		313,881	-	1,030,383 (1,200,000)	1,344,264 (1,200,000)
Equity in net position of affiliates, 09/30/2013	\$ :	1,768,370	<b>.</b> \$	3,481,666	5,250,036

#### 18. JOINT VENTURE AGREEMENT

In October, 2004, Bingham County, Bonneville County, the City of Shelley, and the City of Ammon entered into a joint powers agreement to provide joint financing, design, acquisition, construction, management, and operation of a regional sewage treatment and disposal facility. A separate legal entity, Eastern Idaho Regional Wastewater Authority, was created. It is governed by a board made up of representatives from each of the members of the joint powers agreement. Assets acquired by the members of the joint powers agreement for the Eastern Idaho Regional Wastewater Authority during the construction phase are donated to the Authority as that phase becomes operational.

The Board of the Eastern Idaho Regional Wastewater Authority assesses and collects from each participating member debt service fees, discharge/hookup fees, operation and maintenance fees, and fees to pay for costs in excess of defined equivalent residential unit (ERU) allocations each year.

Each member must collect, as a minimum, debt service fees, discharge/hookup fees, and operation and maintenance fees established by the board and remit them to the Authority. Each member may also establish its own minimum operation and maintenance fees and discharge/hookup fees in addition to those determined by the board. Each member of the joint powers agreement pays a percentage of the repair, operation, and maintenance of the facility and transmission lines.

In the event of a federal, state or local court action, concerning the facility, each member will assume responsibility for such litigation in a direct proportion to the percentage of use of the system.

If the facility needs to expand in the future and the Authority does not have adequate funds in their reserve fund accumulated from the discharge/hookup fees, each member of the joint powers agreement will pay additional funds necessary to construct and complete the next phase of the development of the facility.

During the 2009 – 2010 fiscal year, the facility began accepting flow from the City of Shelley, Bonneville County, and Bingham County. The Eastern Interceptor line was completed during the 2012 fiscal year and the Authority began accepting flow from the City of Ammon.

The Eastern Idaho Regional Waste Water Authority has a fiscal year end of September 30. Financial statements are available at:

Eastern Idaho Regional Waste Water Authority 618 E. 1250 N. Shelley, ID 83274

### 19. RESTATED BEGINNING NET POSITION

The beginning net position was increased by \$13,643. A deposit made in the 2012 fiscal year for equipment received and paid for in the 2013 fiscal year was expensed during the 2012 fiscal year. The deposit for the equipment should have been classified as a deferred outflow under GASB 63, which is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2011.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# BINGHAM COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO INFRASTRUCTURE ASSETS REPORTED USING THE MODIFIED APPROACH For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

As allowed by GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments, the County has adopted an alternative method for reporting costs associated with certain infrastructure assets. Under this alternative method, referred to as the "modified approach," infrastructure assets are not depreciated, and maintenance and preservation costs are expensed. The County capitalizes costs related to new construction, major replacements, and improvements that increase the capacity and/or efficiency of infrastructure assets reported under the modified approach.

In order to utilize the modified approach, the County is required to:

- Maintain an asset management system that includes an up-to-date inventory of eligible infrastructure assets.
- Perform and document replicable condition assessments of the eligible infrastructure assets and summarize the results using a measurement scale,
- Estimate each year the annual amount to maintain and preserve the eligible infrastructure assets at the condition level established and disclosed by the County, and
- Document that the infrastructure assets are being preserved approximately at or above the condition levels established by the County.

#### Roads

Bingham County applies the modified approach to the 1,202 center line miles of roads. The roads are owned and maintained by the county even though many of the roads are built on implied dedications or prescriptive easements. The goal of the county in conjunction with adopting the modified approach is to develop and provide a cost effective pavement maintenance and rehabilitation program that preserves the County's investment in its road network and enhances public transportation and safety.

The method for evaluating the roads changed significantly from October 2010 to September 2011. Errors have been corrected and adjustments have been made to utilize the previous years' data to show the changes in the condition of the County's roads. The standards that Bingham County uses to evaluate the road conditions have been defined more clearly to the inspectors to improve the accuracy of the data. The County now utilizes a GIS/GPS system to measure the lengths of the roads and help eliminate errors in the data. Gravel roads have remained somewhat consistent from prior years. However, there has been a major adjustment for years prior to 2011 for the oiled roads to reflect the changes. The numbers for prior years have been adjusted to reflect the maintenance activities and the oxidation that occurs on the roads.

# BINGHAM COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO INFRASTRUCTURE ASSETS REPORTED USING THE MODIFIED APPROACH - (continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

# Measurement Scale

Gravel Roads			2013 Center Line Miles
A	Only needs maintenance once a year and is safe		-
В	Requires occasional maintenance, needs only slight improvements		94.82
С	Adequate – will be needing gravel and other improvements in the future, but is okay for now		252.38
D	Needs gravel, etc.		168.94
F	Needs gravel, shoulders, widening,		.00.7
•	safety of road should be considered, etc.		26.15
0	Other (dirt)		5.51
		Total gravel roads	547.80
Oiled Roads			
A	Excellent	New	-
В	Good	Good condition - only chip seals required	105.90
С	Fair	Maintenance – more than chip sealing (patching)	541.70
D	Poor	Leveling course road is uneven to drive on (overlay, etc.)	6.67
F	Failed	Reconstruction needed	0.00
0	Not rated	Other (dirt)	0.00
		Total oil roads	654.27

# BINGHAM COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO INFRASTRUCTURE ASSETS REPORTED USING THE MODIFIED APPROACH - (continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

### **Established Condition Level**

It is the County's goal to maintain at least 50% of its roads/highways at or above the "fair" condition or better. Condition assessments are performed by geographic district within network on approximately one third of the roads/highways each year in order to achieve a complete condition assessment at least once every three years. The last three assessments were November 15, 2013, October 22, 2012, and October 28, 2011.

#### Assessed Conditions

The following table reports the center line miles and the percentage of pavement meeting the "excellent" to "fair" conditions ratings as assessed in 2013. The first year of implementation of these reporting standards was 2007. This chart reports a six year trend analysis.

Bingham County Oil Road Condition Report									
				Total Miles in	Total	% in Excellent			
Fiscal	Excellent	Good	Fair	Fair or Above	County	to Fair			
Year	Condition	Condition	Condition	Condition	Miles	Condition			
2013	-	105.90	541.70	647.60	654.27	98.98%			
2012	5.54	129.46	510.52	645.52	652.19	98.98%			
2011	5.54	107.08	533.75	646.37	653.04	98.97%			
2010	65.08	339.79	234.54	639.41	651.84	98.09%			
2009	61.84	437.49	143.51	642.84	651.84	98.61%			
2008	-	322.75	131.03	453.78	651.84	69.62%			

During the 2011 fiscal year, the County implemented a GIS system to assist in tracking infrastructure in the County. Center-line mileage was reassessed and adjusted from the prior year to reflect the more accurate information provided by the GIS system. In addition, the County changed how they were assessing road conditions. In prior years, if a road was chip-sealed, it was classified as "good". Now, the assessment is also based on some safety factors. This has changed the classification of some of the roads that were classified as "good" in prior years such that they are now classified as "fair". The information in the table above reflects the updated information.

The following table represents the County's estimated amounts needed to maintain and preserve its road network at or above its established condition levels, as well as the amounts actually spent on road maintenance and preservation, for the last six reporting periods (in thousands).

	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Estimated						
Spending	\$5,922	\$5,971	\$5,904	\$6,064	\$6,738	\$6,712
Actual Spending	\$4,723	\$4,626	\$4,660	\$5,348	\$5,475	\$5,475

# BINGHAM COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO BUDGET AND ACTUAL (WITH BUDGET TO GAAP DIFFERENCES) GENERAL FUND

	BUDGETE	BUDGETED AMOUNTS			
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	BUDGETARY BASIS		
REVENUES					
	\$ 2,828,963				
Licenses and permits	141,134	141,134	158,862		
Intergovernmental revenues	1,213,960	1,213,960	1,464,979		
Charges for services	464,387	464,387	503,365		
Fines and forfeitures	264	264	470		
Investment earnings Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments	103,085	103,085	41,286		
Miscellaneous and contributions	52,170	52,170	117,829		
	4,803,963	4,803,963	5,182,356		
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government	4,117,639	4,117,639	3,870,565		
Public safety	1,461,973	1,461,973	1,438,786		
Public works	-	-	-		
Health and sanitation	133,188	133,188	129,075		
Culture and recreation		-	-		
Education	-	-	-		
Conservation/economic development	350,528	350,528	339,069		
Debt service:					
Principal	•	-	-		
Interest and other charges	•	•	•		
Capital outlay	77,300	77,300	97,573		
	6,140,628	6,140,628	5,875,068		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	(1,336,665)	(1,336,665	) (692,712)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds from capital leases	•	•	-		
Other sources	-	-	•		
Other uses	-	-	-		
Transfers in	-	-	200,000		
Transfers out		_	49,698		
	-	-	249,698		
SPECIAL ITEM					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u> </u>		
Net change in fund balances	(1,336,665	) (1,336,665	) (443,014)		
Fund Balances, Oct. 1, 2012	1,615,101	1,615,101	1,615,101		
FUND BALANCES, SEPT. 30, 2013	\$ 278,436	\$ 278,436	\$1,172,087		

_	GAAP DIFFERENCES		GAAP BASIS
\$	(348)	\$	2,895,217
•	(3.0)	•	158,862
	25,635		1,490,614
	,		503,365
	-		470
	-		41,286
	(73,784)		(73,784)
	(12,701)		(15,151)
-	-		117,829
	(48,497)		5,133,859
	12,100		3,882,665
	1,826		1,440,612
	-		
	11,014		140,089
	•		-
	-		
	9,784		348,853
			•
	(86,559)		11,014
	(51,835)		5,823,233
	3,338		(689,374)
	•		-
	-		-
	-		200,000
	(60,886)	•	(11,188)
	(60,886)		188,812
	•		
	(57,548)		(500,562)
	249,442	-	1,864,543
\$	191,894	. \$	1,363,981

# BINGHAM COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO BUDGET AND ACTUAL (WITH BUDGET TO GAAP DIFFERENCES) ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND

	BUDGETE	BUDGETED AMOUNTS		
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	BASIS	
REVENUES				
Taxes \$	1,183,701	\$ 1,183,701	\$ 1,204,968	
Licenses and permits	-	•	-	
Intergovernmental revenues	2,337,953	2,337,953	2,557,823	
Charges for services	139,130	139,130	5,475	
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	
Investment earnings	-	-	•	
Miscellaneous and contributions	22,917	22,917	27,628	
	3,683,701	3,683,701	3,795,894	
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	•	•	-	
Public safety	-	-	-	
Public works	3,653,900	3,653,900	3,309,802	
Health and sanitation	•		-	
Culture and recreation	-	-	•	
Education	-	-	-	
Conservation/economic development	-	-	-	
Debt service:				
Principal	-	-	-	
Interest and other charges	-	-	•	
Capital outlay	237,000	237,000	31,023	
D (16)	3,890,900	3,890,900	3,340,825	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(207,199)	(207,199)	455,069	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USE	S)			
Proceeds from capital leases	-	-	•	
Other sources	•	•	•	
Other uses	•	-	-	
Transfers in	•	-	•	
Transfers out	-	<u> </u>	(17,797)	
	-	-	(17,797)	
SPECIAL ITEM				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	-	
Net change in fund balances	(207,199)	(207,199)	437,272	
Net change in fund balances	186,593	186,593	186,593	
FUND BALANCES, SEPT. 30, 2013	(20,606)	\$ (20,606)	) \$623,865	

GAAP DIFFERENCES		GAAP BASIS
\$ (13,363)	\$	1,191,605
13,770		2,571,593 5,475
32,500		60,128
32,907		3,828,801
•		-
31,023		3,340,825
		-
-		-
_		_
-		-
(1,523)		29,500
29,500		3,370,325
3,407		458,476
-		-
-		-
- 0.051	•	- (0.746)
9,051	•	(8,746)
9,051		(8,746)
12,458		449,730
591,733		778,326
\$ 604,191	\$	1,228,056

# BINGHAM COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO BUDGET AND ACTUAL (WITH BUDGET TO GAAP DIFFERENCES) JUSTICE FUND

	BUDGETE	BUDGETED AMOUNTS		
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	BASIS	
REVENUES				
Taxes \$	3,169,835		\$ 3,226,794	
Licenses and permits	72,597	72,597	95,866	
Intergovernmental revenues	1,174,470	1,174,470	1,390,939	
Charges for services	264,890	264,890	348,904	
Fines and forfeitures	•	-	-	
Investment earnings	137,613	137,613	83,804	
Miscellaneous and contributions	35,430	35,430	81,388	
	4,854,835	4,854,835	5,227,695	
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	_	_	_	
Public safety	5,270,254	5,300,254	5,044,680	
Public works	3,270,234	3,300,234	3,044,000	
Health and sanitation	_	_	_	
Culture and recreation	_	<u>.</u>	•	
Education	_	-	•	
Conservation/economic development	_	_	_	
Debt service:	_	-	-	
Principal Principal	_	_		
Interest and other charges		-	-	
Capital outlay	230,000	230,000	195,402	
Cupital Vallay	250,000	250,000	193,402	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	5,500,254	5,530,254	5,240,082	
over expenditures	(645,419)	(675,419)	(12,387)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USE	S)			
Proceeds from capital leases	-		_	
Other sources			-	
Other uses	-	_	_	
Transfers in	-		_	
Transfers out			(11,011)	
		-	(11,011)	
SPECIAL ITEM			•	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-		-	
Net change in fund balances	(645,419)	(675,419)	(23,398)	
Fund Balances, Oct. 1, 2012	928,511	928,511	928,511	
FUND BALANCES, SEPT. 30, 2013	283,092	\$\$ 253,092	\$ 905,113	

	GAAP		GAAP
	DIFFERENCES		BASIS
\$	(14,989)	\$	2 211 905
Φ	(2,040)	Ф	3,211,805 93,826
	26,447		
	(13,826)		1,417,386
	(13,620)		335,078
	-		83,804
	(147,788)		(147,788)
			81,388
	(152,196)		5,075,499
	102 410		- - 149 000
	103,419		5,148,099
	-		-
	•		•
	•		•
	•		•
	•		-
	112,735		112,735
	4,324		4,324
	30,174		225,576
	250,652		5,490,734
	(402,848)		(415,235)
	208,181		208,181
	42,471		42,471
	-		-
	-		-
	•		(11,011)
	250,652		239,641
	(152,196)		(175,594)
	152,802		1,081,313
\$	606	\$	905,719

# BINGHAM COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO BUDGET AND ACTUAL (WITH BUDGET TO GAAP DIFFERENCES) SOLID WASTE FUND

	BUDGETE	BUDGETARY	
<u> </u>	ORIGINAL	FINAL	BASIS
REVENUES Taxes \$		•	•
Taxes \$ Licenses and permits	•	\$ -	\$ 168
Intergovernmental revenues	-	-	- -
Charges for services	1,906,697	1,906,697	1,666,785
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-
Investment earnings	-	-	-
Miscellaneous and contributions	4,803	4,803	1,733
	1,911,500	1,911,500	1,668,686
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
General government	-	-	· -
Public safety Public works	-	•	-
Health and sanitation	1,733,045	- 1,776,500	1 700 025
Culture and recreation	1,755,045	1,770,300	1,789,835
Education	•	-	-
Conservation/economic development	-	•	-
Debt service:			
Principal Laboratory III	-	-	-
Interest and other charges Capital outlay	125,000	125 000	-
Capital Outlay	135,000	135,000	89,382
Engage (deficiency) of	1,868,045	1,911,500	1,879,217
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	43,455	_	(210.521)
over expenditures	73,733	-	(210,531)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES	5)		
Proceeds from capital leases	•	-	-
Other sources Other uses	-	-	-
Transfers in	•	•	-
Transfers out	-	-	- -
			-
SPECIAL ITEM	-	-	•
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	
Net change in fund balances	43,455	•	(210,531)
Fund Balances, Oct. 1, 2012	2,781,955	2,781,955	2,781,955
FUND BALANCES, SEPT. 30, 2013 \$	2,825,410	\$2,781,955	\$ 2,571,424

GAAP DIFFERENCES		GAAP BASIS
\$ -	\$	168
- 22,795		- 1,689,580
-		1,733
22,795		1,691,481
-		-
7,522		1,797,357
-		- -
-		· -
(7,522)		81,860
<u> </u>		1,879,217
22,795		(187,736)
-		
-		-
	•	•
-		
22,795	•	(187,736)
(44,850)		2,737,105
\$ (22,055)	\$	2,549,369

# BINGHAM COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO BUDGET AND ACTUAL (WITH BUDGET TO GAAP DIFFERENCES) ROAD & BRIDGE - SPECIAL PROJECTS FUND For the year ended September 30, 2013

	BUDGETE	<b>BUDGETED AMOUNTS</b>			BUDGETARY
	ORIGINAL		FINAL	_	BASIS
REVENUES	\	_		•	
Taxes	528,924	\$	528,924	\$	536,109
Licenses and permits			-		-
Intergovernmental revenues	935,876		935,876		721,897
Charges for services Fines and forfeitures	•		-		-
Investment earnings	•		-		•
Miscellaneous and contributions	84,123		84,123		20.160
Miscondicous and contributions	64,123	-	04,123	-	29,150
	1,548,923	. <u>-</u>	1,548,923		1,287,156
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
General government	-		-		-
Public safety			•		
Public works	1,941,000		1,941,000		1,373,405
Health and sanitation Culture and recreation	-		•		-
Education	•		•		-
Conservation/economic development	•		-		-
Debt service:	<del>-</del> .		-		•
Principal	-		_		
Interest and other charges	-		_		-
Capital outlay	90,000		90,000		8,840
	2,031,000		2,031,000		1,382,245
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(482,077)		(482,077)		(95,089)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USE	CS)				
Proceeds from capital leases	-		-		-
Other sources	-		•		•
Other uses	-		•		-
Transfers in	-		-		-
Transfers out					(1,527)
SPECIAL ITEM	-		-		(1,527)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets					
Net change in fund balances	(482,077)		(482,077)		(96,616)
Fund Balances, Oct. 1, 2012	730,913		730,913		730,913
FUND BALANCES, SEPT. 30, 2013	\$ 248,836	\$	248,836	\$	634,297

_	GAAP DIFFERENCES	_	GAAP BASIS
\$	(4,271)	\$	531,838
	3,415		725,312
	-		-
	•		29,150
•	(856)	•	1,286,300
	-		-
	- 8,840		- 1,382,245
	-		-
	-		-
	-		-
	-		-
	(8,840)		-
			1,382,245
	(856)		(95,945)
	-		-
	-		-
	-		(1,527)
	-		(1,527)
	(856)		(97,472)
	161,462		892,375
\$	160,606	\$	794,903

# BINGHAM COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO BUDGET AND ACTUAL (WITH BUDGET TO GAAP DIFFERENCES) PAYMENT IN LIEU OF TAXES FUND

	BUDGETEL	<b>BUDGETED AMOUNTS</b>		
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	BASIS	
REVENUES				
Taxes	- :	\$ -	\$ -	
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	
Intergovernmental revenues	668,849	668,849	724,241	
Charges for services	•	-	-	
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	
Investment earnings	-	-	-	
Miscellaneous and contributions	81,151	81,151	37,331	
	750,000	750,000	761,572	
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	750,000	750,000	356,114	
Public safety	-	•	•	
Public works	•	•	-	
Health and sanitation	•	•	-	
Culture and recreation	-	-	•	
Education	-	-	-	
Conservation/economic development	•	-	•	
Debt service:				
Principal	-	-	-	
Interest and other charges	•	-	•	
Capital outlay				
	750,000	750,000	356,114	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	-	-	405,458	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USE	ES)			
Proceeds from capital leases	•	-	-	
Other sources	•	•	-	
Other uses	-		-	
Transfers in	•		•	
Transfers out			<u> </u>	
	-	-	-	
SPECIAL ITEM				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	. <u> </u>	
Net change in fund balances	-	-	405,458	
Fund Balances, Oct. 1, 2012	4,071,232	4,071,232	4,071,232	
FUND BALANCES, SEPT. 30, 2013	\$4,071,232	\$ 4,071,232	\$4,476,690	

-	GAAP DIFFERENCES		GAAP BASIS
\$	- :	\$	-
	-		- 724,241
	<u>-</u>		, <u>-</u>
	(22.222)		-
•	(33,333)	•	3,998
	(33,333)		728,239
	(263,100)		93,014
	-		-
	-		<u>-</u>
	-		-
	-		-
	-		-
	244,000		244,000
	(19,100)		337,014
	(14,233)		391,225
	-		-
	-		-
	<u>-</u>		
	-		
	_		_
	(14 222)		201.225
	(14,233)		391,225
	14,233		4,085,465
\$		\$	4,476,690

# BINGHAM COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

- 1. The legally adopted budget for Bingham County State of Idaho is based on the cash basis of accounting. Adjustments to the modified accrual basis of accounting are listed as GAAP differences.
- 2. Debt payments are reclassified from general operating expense to show principal and interest portions of cash payments.
- 3. Higher operating expenses may be reflected on the GAAP basis if equipment was purchased at year-end with a partial payment budgeted in the current year and an account payable booked to reflect the final payment in the subsequent year's budget.
- 4. Capital outlays that do not meet the capitalization policy levels are reclassified out of capital outlay and into another expenditure.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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# BINGHAM COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS September 30, 2013

ASSETS  Cash - County Treasurer  Taxes receivable  Due from other funds  Receivable from other governme  Other receivables	\$ ents \$	23,932 \$ 152 - 963 - 25,047 \$	DISTRICT COURT 492,457 21,744 - - - 514,201	\$	1,342 : 275 - 961 - 2,578	31,494
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALA	NCES					
LIABILITIES						
Warrants payable	\$	- \$	24,717	\$	- :	\$ 1,067
Due to other funds		•	-		-	-
Deferred revenue		140	20,004		253	
		140	44,721	<del></del>	253	1,067
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable		-	-		-	-
Restricted		-	-		-	-
Assigned		24,907	469,480		2,325	193,973
Unassigned		•	-		<del>-</del>	
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		24,907	469,480		2,325	193,973
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	25,047 \$	514,201	\$	2,578	\$ 195,040

# BINGHAM COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS September 30, 2013

		HEALTH DISTRICT	HISTORICAL SOCIETY		HOSPITAL		INDIGENT				
ASSETS											
Cash - County Treasurer	\$	264,308 \$	5,653	\$	- ;	\$	344,789				
Taxes receivable		23,379	869		-		28,432				
Due from other funds		-	•		-		-				
Receivable from other governmen	ts	3,627	-		-		33,381				
Other receivables							-				
	\$	291,314 \$	6,522	\$	<u>-</u> :	\$	406,602				
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES											
LIABILITIES											
Warrants payable	\$	10,894 \$	-	\$	- :	\$	33,223				
Due to other funds		-	-		-		-				
Deferred revenue		21,509	799				26,157				
		32,403	799		_		59,380				
				•	<u> </u>						
FUND BALANCES											
Nonspendable		-	-		-		-				
Restricted		-	-	٠	-		-				
Assigned		258,911	5,723		-		347,222				
Unassigned		-			-						
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		258,911	5,723	•			347,222				
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND											
FUND BALANCES	\$	291,314 \$	6,522	\$	-	\$	406,602				

EMPLOYEE WELLNESS PROGRAM	PARKS AND RECREATION	<u>REVALUATION</u>	TORT FUND	VETERANS MEMORIAL		WEEDS
\$ 	\$ 126,217 3,690 - 29,808	\$ 160,561 18,795 - -	\$ 917,718 7,505 2,068 2,208	\$ - - - -	\$	42,617 7,936 - -
\$ 	\$ 159,715	\$ 179,356	\$ 929,499	\$ 	\$	50,553
\$ -	\$ 18,941	\$ 32,341	\$ 250	\$ -	\$	17,805
-	3,395	17,291	6,134		,	7,301
-	22,336	49,632	6,384	-		25,106
- - -	- - 137,379 	- - 129,724 	923,115	- - -	,	- - 25,447 -
-	137,379	129,724	923,115	-		25,447
\$ 	\$ 159,715	\$ 179,356	\$ 929,499	\$ 	\$	50,553

### BINGHAM COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS September 30, 2013

ASSETS		911 EMERGENCY COMM.	WATERWAYS	COURT FACILITY	DRUG COURT	
Cash - County Treasurer Taxes receivable	\$	1,592,351 \$	32,396 \$	60,061 \$	54,966 -	
Due from other funds Receivable from other governments Other receivables		38,193 	16,575	<u> </u>	- -	
	\$	1,630,544 \$	48,971 \$	60,061 \$	54,966	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	ES					
LIABILITIES						
Warrants payable	\$	12,320 \$	457 \$	- <b>\$</b>	2,251	
Due to other funds Deferred revenue		-	<u> </u>	<u>.</u>		
		12,320	457	•	2,251	
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable		•	•	•	-	
Restricted		-	-	-	•	
Assigned Unassigned		1,618,224	48,514	60,061	52,715 	
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		1,618,224	48,514	60,061	52,715	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	1,630,544 \$	\$	60,061_\$	54,966	

INTERLOCK MONITORING	JUNIOR COLLEGE	CONSOLIDATED ELECTIONS	BINGHAM COUNTY LAB	YOUTH COURT SERVICES	RURAL ADDRESSING
\$ 35,710 \$	32,186 \$	90,599 \$	175,536 \$	16,003 \$	74,531
-	<b>-</b> ,	-	-	•	-
-	- 11,897	<u>•</u>	•	-	-
-	-	•	-	-	_
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
\$ 35,710 \$	44,083 \$	90,599_\$	175,536 \$	16,003 \$	74,531
\$ - \$	- \$	2,070 \$	2,685 \$	141 \$	163
-	-	-	•	-	-
	-		-		-
	<del>-</del>	2,070	2,685	141_	163
-	-	-	-	•	•
- 25 710	44.093	-	150.05		-
35,710	44,083	88,529	172,851	15,862	74,368
		<del></del>	-	-	-
35,710	44,083	88,529	172,851	15,862	74,368
\$ 35,710 \$	44,083 \$	90,599 \$	175,536 \$	16,003	74,531

### BINGHAM COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS September 30, 2013

		CHARITY REVOLVING	BINGHAM COUNTY AMBULANCE	OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE	TOTAL
ASSETS				<u> </u>	
Cash - County Treasurer	\$	- \$	31,156 \$	19,389 \$	4,758,024
Taxes receivable		-	24,124	•	136,901
Due from other funds		•	-	•	2,068
Receivable from other governmen	ts	•	18,836	-	187,943
Other receivables			4,994	544	5,538
	\$	<u> </u>	79,110 \$	19,933 \$	5,090,474
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANG	CES				
LIABILITIES					
Warrants payable	\$	- \$	16,155 \$	- \$	175,480
Due to other funds		-	2,068		2,068
Deferred revenue			22,194		125,177
		-	40,417		302,725
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable		_	_	_	
Restricted		-	-	_	-
Assigned		-	38,693	19,933	4,787,749
Unassigned		•			
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		-	38,693	19,933	4,787,749
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	<u> </u>	79,110 \$	<u>19,933</u> \$	5,090,474

	AIRPORT	DISTRICT COURT	STATE FAIR	JUVENILE CORRECTIONS
REVENUES				
Taxes \$	234 \$	702,494 \$	5,649	-
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental revenues	3,605	110,132	3,641	155,309
Charges for services	-	173,187	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	-	165,601	-	-
Investment earnings	-	-	-	•
Miscellaneous and contributions		4,174		1
	3,839	1,155,588	9,290	155,310
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	-	1,156,960	-	19,855
Public safety	-	· · ·	-	-
Public works	2,313	-	-	-
Health and sanitation	•	-		-
Culture and recreation	-	-	9,888	-
Education	-	-	•	-
Conservation/economic development	-	•	•	•
Debt Service:			•	
Principal	-	-	_	-
Interest and other charges	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay		-	•	-
Eugas (deficionar) of management	2,313	1,156,960	9,888	19,855
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	1,526	(1,372)	(598)	135,455
-	•		(27.2)	,
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from capital leases	-	-	-	-
Other sources	-	-	-	-
Other uses	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	-	-	-	•
Transfers out	(6)	(2,165)	(32)	<u> </u>
	(6)	(2,165)	(32)	-
SPECIAL ITEM				
Proceeds from sale of assets	<del>-</del>	-		
Net change in fund balances	1,520	(3,537)	(630)	135,455
Fund Balance, Oct. 1, 2012	23,387	473,017	2,955	58,518
FUND BALANCE, SEPT. 30, 2013 \$	24,907 \$	469,480 \$	2,325	\$193,973

	HEALTH DISTRICT	HISTORICAL SOCIETY	HOSPITAL	INDIGENT
REVENUES		<u></u>		
Taxes \$	539,739 \$	21,064 \$	- \$	729,726
Licenses and permits	•	-	-	-
Intergovernmental revenues	47,156	10,125	-	125,632
Charges for services	193,370	•	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-
Investment earnings	-	•	-	-
Miscellaneous and contributions	84	1		209,279
	780,349	31,190		1,064,637
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	•
Public works	-	-	-	-
Health and sanitation	852,940	•	-	965,442
Culture and recreation	-	27,441	-	-
Education	-	-	-	-
Conservation/economic development	-	•	-	-
Debt Service:				
Principal	-	•	-	-
Interest and other charges	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	•	-
	852,940	27,441		965,442
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(72,591)	3,749	-	99,195
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from capital leases	-	-	-	-
Other sources	-	-	-	-
Other uses	-	-	<b>-</b> .	-
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	(1,848)	(66)	-	(674)
CDECLAR FEEDA	(1,848)	(66)	-	(674)
SPECIAL ITEM				
Proceeds from sale of assets	-	-	-	<del></del>
Net change in fund balances	(74,439)	3,683	-	98,521
Fund Balance, Oct. 1, 2012	333,350	2,040	-	248,701
FUND BALANCE, SEPT. 30, 2013 \$	258,911 \$	5,723 \$	\$	347,222

EMPLOYEE WELLNESS PROGRAM	PARKS AND RECREATION	R <u>EVAL</u>	UATIO	N	TORT FUND	•	VETERANS MEMORIAL		WEEDS
\$ - \$		\$ 4	67,411	\$	10,732	\$	-	\$	183,077
-	34,014 121,423		2,782		-		-		1,084
-	75		-		-		-		-
-	-		-		-		-		
	2,979	-	1		29,644				286
<u> </u>	226,621	4	70,194		40,376			•	184,447
-	-	4	11,080		391,954		-		-
-	•		-		-				•
-	-		-		•		-		
-	250,508		-		-		-		•
-	-		-		-		-		201,894
•	-		-		-		-		•
<u>-</u>	13,398		<u>.</u>	-		•			<u>-</u>
	263,906	4	11,080	•	391,954	•	<u>-</u>		201,894
-	(37,285)		59,114		(351,578)		-		(17,447)
-	-		-		-		-		-
-	-		-		-		-		
<u> </u>	(293)		- (1,093)		41,871		-		(525)
•	(293)		(1,093)		41,871		-		(525)
				•		•			
-	(37,578)		58,021		(309,707)		-		(17,972)
	174,957	<del></del>	71,703	-	1,232,822				43,419
\$ <u> </u>	137,379	\$1	29,724	\$	923,115	\$		\$	25,447

• ,	911 EMERGENCY COMM		WATERWAYS	COURT FACILITY	DRUG COURT
REVENUES					
Taxes \$	-	\$	- \$	-	\$ -
Licenses and permits	-		-	-	-
Intergovernmental revenues	-		44,806	-	-
Charges for services	479,072		-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	-		-	20,770	•
Investment earnings	-		-	-	-
Miscellaneous and contributions			28,356	-	60,520
	479,072		73,162	20,770	60,520
EXPENDITURES					
Current:	·				
General government	-		-	1,589	•
Public safety	307,664		-	-	57,589
Public works	-		-	-	•
Health and sanitation	-		-	-	•
Culture and recreation	•		48,202	-	-
Education	-		-	-	-
Conservation/economic development	-		-	-	-
Debt Service:					
Principal	-		19,473	-	-
Interest and other charges	-		1,168	-	•
Capital outlay		•	54,572	-	
D (15: ) 0	307,664		123,415	1,589	57,589
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			/== = ==\		
over expenditures	171,408		(50,253)	19,181	2,931
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds from capital leases	-		-	-	-
Other sources	-		•	-	•
Other uses	•		-	-	-
Transfers in	-		•	-	-
Transfers out	•	-	-	-	
CDECLAT TTEM	-		-	•	-
SPECIAL ITEM  Proceeds from sale of assets					
Proceeds from sale of assets	-	-		<del></del>	<del>-</del>
Net change in fund balances	171,408		(50,253)	19,181	2,931
Fund Balance, Oct. 1, 2012	1,446,816	-	98,767	40,880	49,784
FUND BALANCE, SEPT. 30, 2013	1,618,224	\$	48,514 \$	60,061	\$52,715

INTERLOCK MONITORING	JUNIOR COLLEGE	CONSOLIDATED ELECTIONS	BINGHAM COUNTY LAB	YOUTH COURT SERVICES	RURAL ADDRESSING
\$ - \$	- ;	\$ - \$	- ;	\$ - \$	-
-	- 62,942	-	-	-	-
- 4,246	02,942	-	85,625	5,085	4,337
· -	-	-	-	-	-
-	<b>-</b>	110.524	25 200	-	-
	<u>-</u>	110,534	25,308	20,312	-
4,246	62,942	110,534	110,933	25,397	4,337
•	-	102,803	•	•	10,448
4,928	-	-	93,391	34,104	•
-	<u>-</u>	•	-	•	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	71,600	-	-	-	-
-	•	•	-	-	•
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	•
		-	-		•
4,928	71,600	102,803	93,391	34,104	10,448
(682)	(8,658)	7,731	17,542	(8,707)	(6,111)
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	•	- 80,479
		<u> </u>	-	-	
-	-	-	-	•	80,479
	-				-
(682)	(8,658)	7,731	17,542	(8,707)	74,368
36,392	52,741	80,798	155,309	24,569	
\$ 35,710 \$	44,083	\$ \$88,529 \$	172,851	\$ \$	74,368

•	CHARITY REVOLVING		BINGHAM COUNTY AMBULANCE		OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE	TOTALS
REVENUES	<u>ILD V OLD V II V O</u>		/IIIIDOD/III CE	-	REVERCE	TOTALS
Taxes	-	\$	583,776	\$	- \$	3,312,032
Licenses and permits	-		•		-	34,014
Intergovernmental revenues	-		75,939		•	764,576
Charges for services	-		136,376		293	1,081,666
Fines and forfeitures	•		· -		-	186,371
Investment earnings	-		-		-	-
Miscellaneous and contributions			-		4,516	495,995
•			796,091	_	4,809	5,874,654
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government	-		-		59	2,094,748
Public safety	-		-		-	497,676
Public works	-		-		-	2,313
Health and sanitation	-		802,257		-	2,620,639
Culture and recreation	-		-		•	336,039
Education	-		-		-	71,600
Conservation/economic development	-		-		1,717	203,611
Debt Service:						
Principal	-		-		-	19,473
Interest and other charges	-		•		-	1,168
Capital outlay	•	-	-		-	67,970
	•	_	802,257		1,776	5,915,237
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures			(6,166)		3,033	(40,583)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Proceeds from capital leases	-		-		-	-
Other sources	-		-		-	-
Other uses	-		-		-	-
Transfers in	-		-		•	122,350
Transfers out	-	-	(22,637)		•	(29,339)
	-		(22,637)		-	93,011
SPECIAL ITEM						
Proceeds from sale of assets	-	-	-	-		•
Net change in fund balances	-		(28,803)		3,033	52,428
Fund Balance, Oct. 1, 2012			67,496	•	16,900	4,735,321
FUND BALANCE, SEPT. 30, 2013	\$	<b>\$</b>	38,693	\$	19,933 \$	4,787,749

### September 30, 2013 FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES - PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS COMBINING BYLANCE SHEET -BINCHYM COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO

75,135	143	287,51	896'91	FUND BALANCE Unrestricted
-	•	-	35,405	
_	\$ -	\$ <del>-</del>	\$ 504,25	Mstrants payable
			ND BYLANCE	LIABILITIES AND FU
25,135	\$ 671	\$ \$82'61	\$ \$\(\xi\)\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	
25,135	\$ 671	\$ 587,51	\$ 575,22	Cash - County Treasure
DISTRICT COURT TRUST	SCHOLARSHIP TRUST	TRUST DRIVER'S	SAOTIQUA TSUAT	ASSETS

\$ 575,22

143 \$

25,135

\$ 587,51

ASSETS		MAGISTRATE COURT TRUST		CATASTROPHIC FUND TRUST		DEVELOP. AGREEMENT TRUST		INSURANCE TRUST		
Cash - County Treasurer	\$ .	7,337	\$	39,101	\$	35,769	\$	1,223,444		
	\$ :	7,337	\$	39,101	\$	35,769	\$	1,223,444		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE										
LIABILITIES Warrants payable	\$	<u> </u>	\$		\$		\$	175,411		
		-	•		•	-		175,411		
FUND BALANCE Unrestricted		7,337	•	39,101	•	35,769		1,048,033		
	\$	7,337	\$	39,101	\$	35,769	\$	1,223,444		

7	TRANSITION HOUSING TRUST	IDAHO TRANSP. TRUST	IDAHO DEPT OF LAW ENFORCE TRUST	ASSESSOR VEHICLE REGISTRATION TRUST	•	RANGE IMPROVE. TRUST		PLANNING & ONING COSTS TRUST
\$	4,154	\$ 9,389	\$ 11,615	\$ 97,660	\$	22,525	\$	28,177
\$	4,154	\$ 9,389	\$ 11,615	\$ 97,660	\$	22,525	\$	28,177
\$		\$ _	\$ 	\$ _	\$	-	<b>.</b> \$	43
	4,154	9,389	11,615	97,660		22,525	•	28,134
\$	4,154	\$ 9,389	\$ 11,615	\$ 97,660	\$	22,525	\$	28,177

ASSETS		NARCOTICS REVOLVING TRUST		SHERIFF REVOLV. TRUST		COBRA SUBSIDY PAYMENTS TRUST	R	UGHT OF WAY USE FEES TRUST
Cash - County Treasurer	\$ .	20,403	\$	1,581	\$_		\$	9,782
	\$ :	20,403	\$	1,581	\$ _	- 9	\$	9,782
LIABILITIES AND FUND BA	LANCE	:						
LIABILITIES Warrants payable	\$	<u> </u>	\$		. \$ .		\$	
		<u> </u>	•			•		
FUND BALANCE Unrestricted		20,403		1,581				9,782
	\$	20,403	\$	1,581	\$		\$	9,782

1,280	\$	107,81	\$	069'₺	\$	0\$	\$	860,6	\$	££8,£	<b>=</b> \$
1,280	•	\$96 <b>'</b> £	,	069'⊅	•	0\$	-	860,8		558,5	-
-		12,736		-	•		•	-		•	-
-	\$	12,736	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	<b>-</b> \$
08Z'I	· \$	102'91	\$	069 <b>ʻ</b> t	· \$	0\$	- \$	860,9	· \$	££8,£	= \$
1,280	\$	107,81	\$	069°Þ		0\$	\$	860,8		££8,£	-\$
EES TRUST		RESTITUTION	•	SPECIAL TRUST TRUST TRUST	•	FOUR SEASONS TRUST	<b>-</b>	LENRL SECOEDEE CLERK	I S	OSECUTOR	- PR

ASSETS	_	SHERIFF'S RESERVE TRUST	•	SEARCH AND RESCUE TRUST	,	COMMUNITY SERVICE PROGRAMS TRUST		PREDATORY ANIMAL CONTROL TRUST
Cash - County Treasurer	\$_	2,412	\$ .	8,465	\$	33,553	\$	4,558
	\$ _	2,412	\$	8,465	\$	33,553	\$	4,558
LIABILITIES AND FUND BA	LANCE							
LIABILITIES Warrants payable	\$	_	\$	81	\$	42	\$	<u>-</u>
	_			81		42		
FUND BALANCE Unrestricted		2,412		8,384		33,511		4,558
	\$ _	2,412	\$	8,465	· . \$	33,553	.\$	4,558

12,245	000'09	\$ L97 L97	\$ 188,58	\$	\$ T9 T9	* -
	-	-	<b>L99</b> 'I		-	-
-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 499'1	\$ -	\$ -	\$
12,245	\$ 000'09	\$ L97 \$ L97	\$ 188,E8	\$ <del>-</del>	\$ 19 \$ 19	= \$ - \$
INMATE	AMUBLANCE TRUST TRUST	TRUST TRUST TRUST TRUST TRUST	MAGISTRATE BOND TRUST	RURAL TRUST TRUST	TRUST	<b>-</b>

4.000000		JAIL TRUST	TOTAL
ASSETS Cash - County Treasurer	\$	94,392 \$	1,934,799
	\$	94,392 \$	1,934,799
LIABILITIES AND FUND B			
Warrants payable	\$	\$	225,385
FUND BALANCE Unrestricted	·	94,392	1,709,414
	\$	94,392_\$	1,934,799

	AUDITORS TRUST	DRIVER'S LICENSE TRUST	SCHOLARSHIP TRUST	DISTRICT COURT TRUST
REVENUES				
Taxes \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
Licenses and permits	-	254,219	-	-
Intergovernmental revenues	•	-	•	-
Charges for services	118,520	•	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-
Investment interest	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous and contributions	378,023	-		811
	496,543	254,219	-	811
EXPENDITURES				
General government	•	-	-	-
Public safety	•	-	-	-
Public health	-	•	-	-
Street and public improvement	-	•	-	-
Parks, recreation, public property	-	-	•	-
Conservation/economic development	-	-	•	-
Intergovernment expenditures	-	260,538	-	-
Sanitation	•	-	-	•
Education	•	-	-	-
Trust remittance	498,458	<u> </u>		*
	498,458	260,538		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(1,915)	(6,319)	-	811
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Statutory transfers in	-	-	-	129
Statutory transfers out		-	<del>-</del>	-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures and other uses	(1,915)	(6,319)	-	940
Fund Balance, Oct. 1, 2012	18,883	20,104	143	24,195
FUND BALANCE, Sept. 30, 2013 \$	16,968	13,785 \$	143_\$	25,135

	MAGISTRATE COURT TRUST	CATASTROPHIC FUND TRUST	DEVELOP. AGREEMENT TRUST	INSURANCE TRUST
REVENUES				
Taxes \$	-	\$ -	\$ - :	\$ -
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental revenues	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	•	-	-	-
Investment interest	•	-	-	-
Miscellaneous and contributions	3,330	48,072	2,750	2,591,247
	3,330	48,072	2,750	2,591,247
EXPENDITURES				
General government	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	•	-	•
Public health	-	-	-	•
Street and public improvement	-	•	-	-
Parks, recreation, public property		•	-	-
Conservation/economic development	•	-	-	-
Intergovernment expenditures	-	-	-	-
Sanitation	-	-	-	-
Education	•	-	-	-
Trust remittance	1	29,729	14,000	2,430,153
	1	29,729	14,000	2,430,153
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	3,329	18,343	(11,250)	161,094
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Statutory transfers in	-	•	-	-
Statutory transfers out	-		<u> </u>	(200,000)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures and other uses	3,329	18,343	(11,250)	(38,906)
Fund Balance, Oct. 1, 2012	4,008	20,758	47,019	1,086,939
FUND BALANCE, Sept. 30, 2013	7,337	\$ 39,101	\$35,769	\$1,048,033

TRANSITION HOUSING TRUST	,	IDAHO TRANSP. TRUST		IDAHO DEPT OF LAW ENFORCE TRUST		ASSESSOR VEHICLE REGISTRATION TRUST	_	RANGE IMPROVE. TRUST	Z	PLANNING & CONING COSTS TRUST
\$ -	\$	- 5,325	\$		\$	- 1,161,117	\$		\$	
-		•		22.001		-		•		-
-		-		32,081		-		•		-
2,625				<u> </u>		-	_	2,760		6,013
2,625		5,325		32,081		1,161,117	_	2,760		6,013
-		-		-		-				
-		-		-		-		•		
-		-		-		-		3,000		-
-		-		•		-		-		-
-		-		-		-		•		-
-		-		-		-		-		•
75		3,090	•	26,371	•	1,145,553	. <u>-</u>	-		3,364
75		3,090		26,371	•	1,145,553	. <u>.</u>	3,000	•	3,364
2,550		2,235		5,710		15,564		(240)		2,649
-		-	•	-	-	-		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
2,550		2,235		5,710		15,564		(240)		2,649
1,604		7,154	•	5,905	-	82,096		22,765	•	25,485
\$ 4,154	\$	9,389	\$	11,615	\$	97,660	\$ _	22,525	\$	28,134

	NARCOTICS REVOLVING TRUST		SHERIFF REVOLVING TRUST		COBRA SUBSIDY PAYMENTS TRUST	RIGHT OF WAY USE FEES TRUST
REVENUES		•		•		
Taxes \$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	-
Licenses and permits	` -		-		-	-
Intergovernmental revenues	-		-		-	-
Charges for services	-		-		-	7,700
Fines and forfeitures	5,594		•		-	-
Investment interest	-		-		-	•
Miscellaneous and contributions		•	259		-	<u> </u>
	5,594		259		-	7,700
EXPENDITURES						
General government	-		-		-	-
Public safety	-		259		-	-
Public health	-		•		•	•
Street and public improvement	•		•		-	-
Parks, recreation, public property	-		-		-	-
Conservation/economic development	-		-		-	-
Intergovernment expenditures	-		-		-	•
Sanitation	-		-		-	-
Education	-		•		-	-
Trust remittance	6,308			-	-	3,500
	6,308	•	259		-	3,500
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures	(714)		-		-	4,200
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		•				
Statutory transfers in	-		-		-	-
Statutory transfers out		•	•	-		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures and other uses	(714)		-		-	4,200
Fund Balance, Oct. 1, 2012	21,117	•	1,581	-		5,582
FUND BALANCE, Sept. 30, 2013	20,403	\$	1,581	\$	- 5	9,782

PROSECUTORS TRUST	CLERK/ RECORDER TRUST	FOUR SEASONS TRUST	,	SPECIAL JUVENILE RESTITUTION TRUST	RESTITUTION TRUST	5	SEX OFFENDER FEES TRUST
\$ - 5	- 5	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
•	-	-		-	-		-
5,468	-	<u>.</u>		-	-		-
-	-	-		-	91,655		-
•	-	•		-	-		1,280
5,468		-	,	_	 91,655	•	1,280
•	-	-		-	-		-
-	-	-		-	-		-
• •	-	-		-	-		-
•	-	-		-	-		-
-	-	-		-	-		-
-	<del>-</del>	-		-	-		-
	-	-		-	-		-
3,377	220			-	91,608		-
3,377	220				91,608		-
2,091	(220)	-		-	47		1,280
-	-	<u> </u>	ı	<u>-</u>	- 		<u>-</u>
2,091	(220)			-	47		1,280
1,742	6,258	50		4,690	3,918		•
\$ 3,833	\$ 6,038	\$50	\$	4,690	\$ 3,965	\$	1,280

	SHERIFF'S RESERVE TRUST		SEARCH AND RESCUE TRUST		COMMUNITY SERVICE TRUST	PREDATORY ANIMAL CONTROL TRUST
REVENUES		• •		• •		
Taxes \$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	
Licenses and permits	-		-		-	-
Intergovernmental revenues	-		-		10,150	-
Charges for services	-		12,062		-	-
Fines and forfeitures	-		-		-	-
Investment interest	-		•		-	-
Miscellaneous and contributions	1,420		22		-	
	1,420		12,084		10,150	
EXPENDITURES						
General government	-		-		-	-
Public safety	-				-	-
Public health	-		-		-	-
Street and public improvement	-		-		-	-
Parks, recreation, public property	-		-		-	-
Conservation/economic development	-		•		-	-
Intergovernment expenditures	-		-		•	-
Sanitation	-		-		•	-
Education	-		-		-	•
Trust remittance			6,476		23,771	
			6,476		23,771	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures	1,420		5,608		(13,621)	-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Statutory transfers in	-		•		-	_
Statutory transfers out			-		•	-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures and other uses	1,420		5,608		(13,621)	-
Fund Balance, Oct. 1, 2012	992		2,776		47,132	4,558
FUND BALANCE, Sept. 30, 2013 \$	2,412	\$ .	8,384	\$ .	33,511 \$	4,558

	C.E.R.T. TRUST	RURAL ADDRESSING TRUST	MAGISTRATE BOND TRUST	JUVENILE SERVICE PARENT PROJ. TRUST	AMBULANCE VEHICLE PURCHASE TRUST	INMATE TRUST
\$	- 9	- \$	- \$	- \$	- 9	-
	-	-	•	-	•	•
	•	-	- 91,419	-	-	-
	•	-	•	-	-	-
	-	225	1,356			225,139
,		225	92,775			225,139
	•	-	-	-	-	-
	•	-	-	•	-	-
	-	•	-	-	-	-
	-	-	- 	-	-	-
	•	-	-	-	-	-
		•	-	-	-	-
		125	55,574			224,035
		125	55,574			224,035
	-	100	37,201	•	-	1,104
	<u> </u>	(80,479)	-	<u>.</u>	20,000	<u> </u>
		(80,379)	37,201		20,000	1,104
	61	80,379	45,013	267	40,000	11,141
\$	61	\$ <u> </u>	82,214 \$		60,000	\$12,245

		JAIL TRUST		TOTAL
REVENUES	-		•	
Taxes \$	5	-	\$	-
Licenses and permits		-		1,420,661
Intergovernmental revenues		-		10,150
Charges for services		-		175,831
Fines and forfeitures		-		188,668
Investment interest		-		-
Miscellaneous and contributions	-	40,379		3,305,711
	-	40,379		5,101,021
EXPENDITURES				
General government		-		-
Public safety		-		259
Public health		-		•
Street and public improvement		-		3,000
Parks, recreation, public property		-		-
Conservation/economic development		-		-
Intergovernment expenditures		-		260,538
Sanitation		-		-
Education		•		-
Trust remittance	-	53,814		4,619,602
•	_	53,814		4,883,399
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures		(13,435)		217,622
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Statutory transfers in		-		20,129
Statutory transfers out	_	-		(280,479)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		/** **		
over expenditures and other uses		(13,435)		(42,728)
Fund Balance, Oct. 1, 2012	_	107,827		1,752,142
FUND BALANCE, Sept. 30, 2013	\$ =	94,392	\$	1,709,414

	<del>-</del>		
		•	
	OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY IN	FORMATION	
·			

For the Tear Ended September 50, 2015						VARIANCE FAVORABLE
		BUDGET		ACTUAL	(	UNFAVORABLE)
CURRENT EXPENSE	-	<del></del>	•			<u> </u>
Clerk/Auditor						
Salaries	\$	658,385	\$	627,633	\$	30,752
Personnel benefits		278,216		266,482		11,734
Travel		3,000		2,602		398
Supplies		8,000		7,495		505
Repairs and maintenance		53,500		19,314		34,186
Contingency account		500		-		500
Microfilm/microfiche		-		-		-
Transcripts		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		1,500		642		858
Education		500		259		241
Capital outlay	-	1,000		16,832		(15,832)
Department totals		1,004,601		941,259		63,342
Assessor						
Salaries		414,406		403,596		10,810
Personnel benefits		181,700		177,140		4,560
Travel		3,000		1,345		1,655
Supplies		28,000		23,385		4,615
GIS		-		•		•
Assessor - license collection		-		-		-
Satellite motor vehicle		-		-		-
Capital outlay		2,000		-		2,000
Department totals		629,106		605,466		23,640
Treasurer/Tax Collector						
Salaries		125,625		110,347		15,278
Personnel benefits		37,170		35,756		1,414
Travel		1,500		844		656
Supplies		13,500		10,077		3,423
Education		1,000		970		30
Miscellaneous		10,500		225		10,275
Capital outlay		1,000	-	-	•	1,000
Department totals	\$ .	190,295	\$	158,219	\$	32,076

•	BUDGET		ACTUAL		VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
CURRENT EXPENSE (Continued)		•			(CMM OREIDEE)
Commissioners					
Salaries \$	174,016	\$	174,322	\$	(306)
Personnel benefits	56,095		55,777		318
Travel	9,000		8,541		459
Supplies	-		, <u>.</u>		•
Vehicle expenses	1,000		1,911		(911)
Publications			-		•
Miscellaneous	500		1,006		(506)
Cell phones	1,000		112		888
Capital outlay	-		350	•	(350)
Department totals	241,611		242,019	•	(408)
Coroner					
Salaries	23,251		24,406		(1,155)
Personnel benefits	12,531		12,575		(44)
Travel	4,000		4,915		(915)
Supplies	500		-		500
Miscellaneous	1,200		830		370
Education	3,000		2,220		780
Autopsies and inquests	17,500		13,594		3,906
Jury and witnesses	500		· -		500
Cell phones	500		213		287
Capital outlay	500		99	-	401
Department totals	63,482		58,852		4,630
Prosecuting Attorney					
Salaries	461,896		449,587		12,309
Personnel benefits	168,945		161,877		7,068
Travel	6,500		5,593		907
Supplies	7,000		7,044		(44)
Rental Expense	-		-		•
Software	-		-		•
Contingency account	1,000		-		1,000
Law library	2,100		2,203		(103)
Postage	•				•
Miscellaneous	12,000		11,775		225
License fees	6,700		6,120		580
Trial expense	25,000		1,297		23,703
Capital outlay	1,000		1,110	_	(110)
Department totals \$	692,141	\$	646,606	\$	45,535

						VARIANCE FAVORABLE
	BU	DGET	_	ACTUAL	(	UNFAVORABLE)
CURRENT EXPENSE (Continued)						
Public Defender						
	\$	204,000	\$	213,600	\$	(9,600)
Contingency account		15,000		26,732		(11,732)
Court appointed counsel		12,000	_	23,490		(11,490)
Department totals	-	231,000	_	263,822		(32,822)
Human Resources						
Salaries		117,967		117,802		165
Personnel benefits		39,108		38,363		745
Travel		1,000		664		336
Supplies		500		453		47
Professional services		-		-		
Safety program		3,000		1,682		1,318
Printing		•				•
Miscellaneous		2,000		1,710		290
Education		2,000		1,153		847
Recruiting costs		500		494		6
Capital outlay		•		•	. ,	-
Department totals		166,075	_	162,321		3,754
Building and Grounds						
Salaries		195,429		174,628		20,801
Personnel benefits		87,190		71,200		15,990
Supplies		28,000		14,007		13,993
Utilities		124,500		89,343		35,157
Vehicles		2,000		2,099		(99)
Repairs and maintenance		80,000		88,785		(8,785)
Miscellaneous		2,000		1,907		93
Contracts		2,500		21,345		(18,845)
Terrorism grant		•		-		•
Capital outlay		2,000		11,446		(9,446)
Department totals	s	523,619	\$_	474,760	\$	48,859

						VARIANCE FAVORABLE
	_	BUDGET	_	ACTUAL	J)	UNFAVORABLE)
CURRENT EXPENSE (Continued)					-	
Emergency Management						
Salaries	\$	55,680	\$	53,265	\$	2,415
Personnel benefits		18,970		17,305		1,665
Travel		-		-		•
Supplies		700		666		34
Utilities		-		-		-
Postage		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		1,500		1,959		(459)
Education		-		-		-
Sand bags		-		-		-
Grant expenditures		50,000		50,891		(891)
Capital outlay	-	1,800		617		1,183
Department totals	_	128,650		124,703		3,947
County Agent						
Salaries		74,574		71,458		3,116
Personnel benefits		30,114		29,802		312
Agent expenses		1,200		584		616
Supplies		4,400		4,008		392
Vehicles		1,500		2,810		(1,310)
Rental expense		· -				-
4-H premiums		10,500		10,500		-
Miscellaneous		400		134		266
University of Idaho Contract		3,900		3,900		•
Family and consumer sciences		2,200		1,790		410
4-H agent expenses		2,200		2,336		(136)
Home Ec aide expenses		500		280		220
Cell phones		1,700		1,473		227
Capital outlay	_	10,000		11,014		(1,014)
Department totals	\$	143,188	\$	140,089	\$	3,099

**VARIANCE FAVORABLE BUDGET** ACTUAL (UNFAVORABLE) **CURRENT EXPENSE (Continued)** Data Processing Salaries \$ 50,628 \$ 50,628 \$ Personnel benefits 18,038 17,674 364 Travel 2,000 508 1,492 **Supplies** 26,500 33,133 (6,633)Repairs and maintenance 47,850 42,721 5,129 PC support 179,580 179,580 Software 56,756 59,249 (2,493)Education 1,000 727 273 Contracts 75,087 73,842 1,245 Telephone system 2,000 2,175 (175)Capital outlay 52,000 46,671 5,329 Department totals 511,439 506,908 4,531 Elections Salaries 43,200 41,742 1,458 Personnel benefits 15,715 15,285 430 Travel 3,000 3,071 (71)Supplies - office 3,000 2,943 57 AutoMark 10,600 11,071 (471)Supplies - election 4,500 2,636 1,864 Contingency account 1,000 1,000 Printing 20,000 20,339 (339)**Publications** 7,500 6,144 1,356 Miscellaneous 3,000 1,411 1,589 Pollworker expense 28,000 28,089 (89)Capital outlay Department totals 139,515 \$ 132,731 \$ 6,784

						VARIANCE FAVORABLE
		BUDGET		ACTUAL	(	UNFAVORABLE)
CURRENT EXPENSE (Continued)	•		•		:	
General						
Salaries	\$	35,000	\$	16,132	\$	18,868
Personnel benefits		419,678		544,471		(124,793)
Insurance		-		-		•
Telephone		30,000		23,888		6,112
Professional services		33,000		27,756		5,244
Education		2,000		555		1,445
Contingency account		7,000		2,764		4,236
Dues and memberships		22,000		15,022		6,978
Postage		60,000		43,179		16,821
Shredding service		1,500		2,439		(939)
Publications		10,000		7,966		2,034
Postage machine repairs and maintenance		3,000		2,200		800
Miscellaneous		8,000		7,000		1,000
401(k) administration fees		2,000		1,573		427
Flex plan administration		4,000		2,088		1,912
Wage supplement		7,200		12,400		(5,200)
Copy machine		15,000		1,332		13,668
Animal shelter		10,000		7,299		2,701
Reserve		100,000		3,767		96,233
Courthouse security				-,		-
Foster grandparents		•		-		_
Capital outlay		1,000		-		1,000
Department totals		770,378		721,831		48,547
Economic Development						
Salaries		10,200		825		9,375
Personnel benefits		790		63		727
Bingham County Economic Development Corp.		-		10,000		(10,000)
Travel		1,000		98		902
Supplies		500				500
Department totals	\$.	12,490	\$	10,986	\$ .	1,504

VARIANCE **FAVORABLE** BUDGET **ACTUAL** (UNFAVORABLE) **CURRENT EXPENSE (Continued)** Planning and Zoning **Salaries** \$ 220,080 \$ 220,248 \$ (168)Personnel benefits 84,058 83,704 354 Travel 10,000 5,832 4,168 Supplies 5,500 3,158 2,342 Vehicles 6,900 6,659 241 Professional services 3,000 2,477 523 Repairs and maintenance 1,500 2,068 (568)Contingency account 1,500 1,500 **Publications** 4,000 2,200 1,800 Miscellaneous 1,500 1,737 (237)Capital outlay 5,000 9,784 (4,784)Department totals 343,038 337,867 5,171 Extension Office Salaries Personnel benefits Supplies Utilities Repairs and maintenance Miscellaneous Department totals Juvenile Detention Juvenile housing 350,000 346,629 3,371 Department totals 350,000 346,629 3,371 TOTAL CURRENT EXPENSE 6,140,628 5,875,068 \$ 265,560

ROAD AND BRIDGE	_	BUDGET		ACTUAL	. (	VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
General						
Salaries	•	1 51 6 050	•		_	
Personnel benefits	\$	1,516,050	\$	1,436,447	\$	79,603
Supplies		617,150		581,755		35,395
Vehicles		750		1,175		(425)
Repairs and maintenance		390,000		388,827		1,173
Rent		22,500		41,457		(18,957)
Advertising		8,200		5,289		2,911
		1,400		1,245		155
Computer software  Dues and memberships		4,000		3,485		515
Miscellaneous		2,000		380		1,620
Cell phones		4,000		771		3,229
Education		-		-		•
		11,000		6,046		4,954
Crushed rock and gravel Road oil		20,000		10,809		9,191
Concrete		150,000		•		150,000
		1,000				1,000
Signs		35,000		45,050		(10,050)
Culverts		25,000		33,070		(8,070)
Plant asphalt mix		80,000		-		80,000
Community service expenses		2,500		62		2,438
Contracts		26,000		5,815		20,185
Contributions to cities		150,000		188,434		(38,434)
UST testing and leak detection		1,000		400		600
Capital outlay	_	167,000		18,229		148,771
Department totals	_	3,234,550		2,768,746		465,804
Engineering and GIS						
Travel		-		-		-
Supplies		-		-		-
Repairs and maintenance		-		-		•
Transportation plan		-				-
Computer software		-		-		-
Dues and memberships		-		-		-
Education		-		-		•
Contracts		-		-		-
Capital outlay	_	-		-		
Department totals	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

DOAD AND DDVDGD (G	_	BUDGET		ACTUAL	(	VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
ROAD AND BRIDGE (Continued)  Crusher						
Supplies	\$	. 1 200	\$	22	\$	1 170
Vehicles	Þ	1,200 74,200	Þ	74,530	Þ	1,178
Repairs and maintenance		74,200 46,500		•		(330)
Miscellaneous		•		54,597		(8,097)
Contracts		3,150		3,965		(815)
Capital outlay		2,500		30,200		(27,700)
Capital Outlay	_	70,000	•	12,794		57,206
Department totals	_	197,550		176,108		21,442
Shop						
Supplies - shop		24,500		24,150		350
Supplies - other		12,700		9,513		3,187
Utilities		34,000		31,579		2,421
Vehicles		140,600		102,396		38,204
Repairs and maintenance - vehicles		3,500		1,579		1,921
Repairs and maintenance - heavy equipment		139,000		130,069		8,931
Repairs and maintenance - communications		10,000		10,424		(424)
Repairs and maintenance - operational activities		84,000		82,117		1,883
Miscellaneous		4,500		2,829		1,671
Paint	_	6,000		1,315		4,685
Department totals	_	458,800		395,971	•	62,829
TOTAL ROAD AND BRIDGE	\$ _	3,890,900	\$	3,340,825	\$	550,075
AIRPORT						
Supplies	\$	2,800	\$	-	\$	2,800
Idaho Power		600		62		538
Grant expenditures		0		-		· •
Miscellaneous	_	4,350		2,251	•	2,099
TOTAL AIRPORT	\$ _	7,750	. \$	2,313	. \$	5,437

### BINGHAM COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO ANALYSIS OF EXPENDITURES BY FUND BUDGETARY BASIS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

For the Tear Ended September 50, 2015		BUDGET		ACTUAL		VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
JUSTICE	-	DODGET	-	ACTUAL	. !	UNFAVORABLE)
Sheriff						
Salaries	\$	1,737,611	\$	1,716,567	\$	21,044
Personnel benefits	•	680,250	•	651,403	•	28,847
Travel		-		-		20,017
Supplies		12,000		14,244		(2,244)
Utilities		16,000		14,014		1,986
Vehicles		236,000		207,726		28,274
SCAAP		-		-		
Photography		-		_		-
Uniforms		30,000		38,327		(8,327)
Weapons and ammunition		55,000		54,900		100
Miscellaneous		12,000		12,597		(597)
Education		30,000		35,618		(5,618)
Sheriff crime prevention		1,500		2,708		(1,208)
Investigations		3,000		6,040		(3,040)
Search and rescue		3,000		397		2,603
Drug control		2,000		400		1,600
K-9		4,000		1,832		2,168
Capital outlay	_	190,000		177,388		12,612
Department totals	-	3,012,361		2,934,161	_	78,200
Jail						
Salaries		1,036,524		980,621		55,903
Personnel benefits		414,070		383,941		30,129
Jail expenses		220,000		184,550		35,450
Travel		15,000		3,656		11,344
Supplies		2,000		345		1,655
Vehicles		-		-		· •
Repairs and maintenance		10,000		12,751		(2,751)
SCAAP		-		-		•
Uniforms		20,000		18,303		1,697
Weapons and ammunition		4,000		3,162		838
Miscellaneous		5,000		4,151		849
Education		5,000		2,118		2,882
Contracts		-		-		•
Capital outlay	-	30,000		15,953	-	14,047
Department totals	\$_	1,761,594	\$ _	1,609,551	\$	152,043

		BUDGET		ACTUAL		VARIANCE FAVORABLE
JUSTICE (Continued)		BUDGET	-	ACTUAL		(UNFAVORABLE)
Sheriff Grants						
**	\$	70,000	\$	39,358	\$	30,642
Personnel benefits	•	13,000	Ψ	8,770	Ψ	4,230
Grant expenditures		7,000		1,104		5,896
Education		10,000		1,491		8,509
Capital outlay		10,000		2,061		7,939
•	_		-	,	•	
Department totals		110,000	-	52,784	,	57,216
Dispatch						
Salaries		466,349		464,740		1,609
Personnel benefits		179,950		178,786		1,164
Supplies		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		-		60		(60)
Education		•		-		-
Capital outlay			-	•		
Department totals		646,299		643,586		2,713
Jail Medical						
Salaries		-		-		•
Personnel benefits		-		-		•
Supplies		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		-		-		•
Education		-		-		•
Contracts		-		-		•
Capital outlay	_	-		-		
Department totals		•		-		•
Public Defender						
Professional services		_		-		_
Contingency account		-		_		_
Court appointed counsel		-	: .	•		
Department totals	_	•		-	•	-
TOTAL JUSTICE	s	5,530,254	\$	5,240,082	. \$	290,172

VARIANCE **FAVORABLE BUDGET ACTUAL** (UNFAVORABLE) DISTRICT COURT District Court Salaries \$ 267,570 \$ 259,651 \$ 7,919 Personnel benefits 108,765 106,551 2,214 Travel Supplies 21,000 19,186 1,814 Telephone 2,000 2,241 (241)Professional services 21,500 16,825 4,675 Court assistance officer 5,250 7,008 (1,758)Contingency account 8,000 8,000 Law library 10,000 9,969 31 **Imaging** Postage 13,000 8,209 4,791 **Printing** 4,000 2,788 1,212 **Transcripts** 10,000 8,430 1,570 Repair and maintenance 7,000 8,282 (1,282)Miscellaneous 2,000 3,145 (1,145)Education 2,000 1,968 32 Jury 25,000 11,443 13,557 Juvenile housing District court administration 5,750 5,718 32 Conference settlement Capital outlay 5,000 5,000 Department totals 517,835 471,414 46,421 Probation - Adult Misdemeanor Salaries 206,871 205,636 1,235 Personnel benefits 86,050 69,270 16,780 Travel 7,500 7,272 228 Vehicles Supplies 3,500 2,742 758 Testing 10,000 4,600 5,400 Cell phones 1,500 1,374 126 Capital outlay 2,000 544 1,456 Department totals 317,421 \$ 291,438 \$ 25,983

DISTRICT COURT (Continued)	•	BUDGET	_	ACTUAL	•	VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
Probation - Juvenile						
	\$	258,100	\$	252,604	\$	5,496
Personnel benefits		104,300		101,141		3,159
Travel		3,000		3,754		(754)
Supplies		4,500		3,453		1,047
Contingency fund		-		•		•
Counseling		-		-		-
Education		2,000		572		1,428
Victim and offender mediation		2,160		-		2,160
Youth court		-		-		-,
Testing		1,000		373		627
Cell phones		1,000		•		1,000
Capital outlay	_	1,000	_	•		1,000
Department totals	-	377,060	_	361,897		15,163
Adult Drug Court						
Salaries		18,000		13,914		4,086
Personnel benefits		3,247		2,511		736
Adult misdemeanor drug court expenditures		11,500		6,928		4,572
Felony drug court expenditures	_	8,500		6,971		1,529
Department totals	_	41,247	_	30,324		10,923
Grants						
Miscellaneous	_	250,000		1,887	•	248,113
Department totals	_	250,000		1,887		248,113
TOTAL DISTRICT COURT	\$_	1,503,563	\$_	1,156,960	\$	346,603

201 the Year Ended September 30, 2013		BUDGET		ACTUAL		VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
STATE FAIR					•	
Miscellaneous Education	\$ _	9,888	\$ 	9,888	\$	-
TOTAL STATE FAIR	\$ _	9,888	\$ =	9,888	\$	
JUVENILE CORRECTIONS						
Juvenile Corrections						
Salaries	\$	_	\$	_	\$	
Personnel benefits	•	_	Ψ	-	Ð	-
Contracts	•			_		-
Capital outlay	_	_				-
Department totals	_	•		•		-
Tobacco						
Salaries		-		-		
Personnel benefits		-		•		-
Vehicles		1,500		10		1,490
Juvenile offenders group		4,000		421		3,579
Miscellaneous		10,000		191		9,809
Education		10,000		9,310		690
Testing		2,500		862		1,638
Cell phones		1,000		1,617		(617)
Capital outlay	_	2,000		-		2,000
Department totals	-	31,000	_	12,411	•	18,589
Juvenile Drug Court						
Salaries		5,000		5,000		-
Personnel benefits		-				-
Supplies		3,000		2,444		556
Capital outlay	_	-		•		-
Department totals	-	8,000		7,444		556
Juvenile Correction Grants						
Grants	_	75,000	_	•		75,000
Department totals	-	75,000		-		75,000
TOTAL JUVENILE CORRECTIONS	\$ _	114,000	\$_	19,855	\$	94,145

rot the Teat Ended September 50, 2015		ntin ann		A COTALA Y		VARIANCE FAVORABLE
HEALTH DISTRICT		BUDGET	-	ACTUAL	Ć	UNFAVORABLE)
Health District						
Salaries	\$	_	\$ .	_	\$	_
Miscellaneous	Ψ	_	Ψ	1	J	(1)
Contracts		255,526		255,526		(1)
Seniors		106,000		106,000		_
Board of community guardians		1,700		1,600		100
Capital outlay			_	-		-
Department totals	_	363,226	. <u>-</u>	363,127		99
Residential Treatment Center						
Salaries		339,515		313,071		26,444
Personnel benefits		115,900		111,085		4,815
Supplies		5,000		3,167		1,833
Residential treatment center expenditures		69,000		61,070		7,930
Contracts		3,000		900		2,100
Capital outlay		-		-		
Department totals		532,415		489,293		43,122
Residential Treatment Center Grants			•			
Grant expenditures	_	50,000		<u> </u>		50,000
Department totals		50,000		•		50,000
TOTAL HEALTH DISTRICT	\$	945,641	. \$ <u>-</u>	852,420	\$	93,221
HISTORICAL SOCIETY AND MUSEUM						
Historical Society and Museum						
Quarterly payments	\$	-	. \$ -	27,441	. \$	(27,441)
Department totals	_			27,441		(27,441)
Historical Society						
Supplies	\$	600	\$	-	\$	600
Utilities		600		-		600
Rent		9,000		-		9,000
Publications		250		-		250
Miscellaneous		200		-		200
Telephone		1,236		-		1,236
Capital outlay		555		•	<b>.</b> .	555
Department totals	<b>s</b>	12,441	\$ .	-	\$	12,441

		BUDGET		ACTUAL		VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
HISTORICAL SOCIETY AND MUSEUM (Continued)  Musuem	•				•	(CITAT OKABBE)
Miscellaneous	\$.	15,000	\$.	-	. \$	15,000
Department totals		15,000		-		15,000
TOTAL HISTORICAL SOCIETY AND MUSEUM	\$	27,441	\$	27,441	\$	•
INDIGENT SERVICES						
Indigent Services						
Salaries	\$	106,962	\$	106,962	\$	-
Personnel benefits		42,913		40,742		2,171
Travel		3,000		2,146		854
Supplies		1,600		1,960		(360)
Software		•		-		-
Repairs and maintenance		800		216		584
Miscellaneous		600		640		(40)
Education		500		445		55
Professional services		94,000		112,143		(18,143)
Hospitals		450,000		388,980		61,020
Medication and drugs		2,000		500,700		2,000
Nursing home		2,000		_		2,000
Insurance premiums		50,000		39,085		10,915
Transportation		300		57,005		300
Housing		2,000		- -		2,000
Utilities		1,300		-		
Burials		12,000		14,400		1,300
Crisis center		12,000		14,400		(2,400)
Guardian ad liteum		•		•		-
Capital outlay		2,500		2,901		- (401)
•	•				-	(401)
Department totals		770,475	. ,	710,620	-	59,855
Jail Medical						
Salaries		-		-		-
Personnel benefits		-		-		-
Supplies		1,500		12		1,488
Contracts		220,000		209,339		10,661
Medical expenditures		11,100		10,147		953
Hospitals		45,000		28,537		16,463
Medication and drugs		10,000		6,787		3,213
Capital outlay		-		•	-	-
Department totals		287,600		254,822	-	32,778
TOTAL INDIGENT SERVICES	\$	1,058,075	\$	965,442	\$	92,633

		BUDGET		ACTUAL		VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
EMPLOYEE WELLNESS PROGRAM	-	BODGET	-	ACTUAL	•	(UNFAVORABLE)
Salaries	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Personnel benefits	•		•	_	J	_
Wellness expenditures		-		_		-
Capital outlay	_	-				<u></u>
TOTAL EMPLOYEE WELLNESS PROGRAM	\$ _	-	\$ =	_	\$	-
PARKS AND RECREATION						
Parks and Recreation						
Salaries	\$	99,640	\$	95,733	\$	3,907
Personnel benefits	•	36,185	•	34,725	•	1,460
Travel		-		,		-,
Supplies		1,000		474		526
Utilities		25,000		30,487		(5,487)
Vehicles		6,500		7,249		(749)
Repairs and maintenance		22,000		26,651		(4,651)
Miscellaneous		8,000		10,656		(2,656)
Contracts		6,000		3,064		2,936
County recreation program		22,000		22,650		(650)
Capital outlay	-	31,000		19,817		11,183
Department totals		257,325		251,506	_	5,819
Grants						
Grant expenditures	-	150,000		12,400	-	137,600
Department totals	-	150,000		12,400	-	137,600
TOTAL PARKS AND RECREATION	\$	407,325	. \$	263,906	\$	143,419
REVALUATION						
Salaries	\$	214,668	\$	214,669	\$	(1)
Personnel benefits	Ψ	84,297	Φ	83,125	Þ	(1) 1,172
Travel		8,000		5,358		2,642
Supplies		6,500		6,397		103
Industrial litigation fund		0,500		0,377		105
Miscellaneous		1,200		-		1,200
Contracts		70,000		50,210		1,200 19,790
GIS		50,655		50,841		(186)
Cell phones		480		480		(100)
Capital outlay	_	-		-	_	
TOTAL REVALUATION	\$	435,800	\$	411,080	\$	24,720

						VARIANCE FAVORABLE
SOLID WASTE	_	BUDGET	. <u>-</u>	ACTUAL	. (	UNFAVORABLE)
Salaries	\$	291,370	\$	309,974	\$	(10 (04)
Personnel benefits	Ψ	112,330	Ψ	99,083	Þ	(18,604)
Travel		4,000		3,452		13,247
Supplies		2,000		1,346		548 654
Vehicles		30,000		37,443		(7,443)
Engineering consultant		50,000		27,773		(7,443)
Repairs and maintenance		110,000		51,552		5 <b>8,448</b>
Advertising		6,000		968		5,032
Miscellaneous		5,000		4,263		737
Community service expenses		2,500		418		2,082
Central transfer station		18,700		12,212		6,488
Contracts - collection		42,100		34,721		7,379
Contracts - Fielding landfill		1,074,000		1,192,046		(118,046)
Cell phones		3,000		2,638		362
Disposal - construction and demolition		35,000		24,897		10,103
Monitoring and testing		40,500		14,822		25,678
Capital outlay	_	135,000	_	89,382		45,618
TOTAL SOLID WASTE	\$ _	1,911,500	\$ _	1,879,217	\$ .	32,283
TORT						
County liability fund	\$	665,000	\$	87,531	\$	577,469
ICRMP insurance		284,847		284,847		-
Vehicles		-		•		•
Judgements		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		10,000		752		9,248
Natural resource and industrial litigation		-		-		•
State Catastrophic Fund	_	19,000		18,824		176
TOTAL TORT	\$ _	978,847	\$ _	391,954	\$ _	586,893
VETERANS MEMORIAL						
Travel	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_
American legion	-	-	~	-	•	•
Veterans memorial	_	-	_	-		
TOTAL VETERANS MEMORIAL	\$_	<u>-</u>	\$_	-	\$	•

ror the Tear Ended September 30, 2013						VARIANCE FAVORABLE
		BUDGET		ACTUAL		(UNFAVORABLE)
WEEDS	-		-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	
Salaries	\$	90,106	\$	89,509	\$	597
Personnel benefits		33,209		33,924		(715)
Travel		750		531		219
Supplies		1,000		400		600
Utilities		750		674		76
Vehicles		10,000		13,172		(3,172)
Repairs and maintenance		3,500		6,927		(3,427)
Contingency account		750		-		750
Miscellaneous		750		-		750
Education		500		440		60
Chemicals		55,000		54,122		878
Contracts		3,000		•		3,000
Capital outlay	-	6,000		2,195	•	3,805
TOTAL WEEDS	\$ _	205,315	\$ :	201,894	\$	3,421
911 EMERGENCY COMMUNICATION						
Repairs and maintenance	\$	251,200	\$	165,436	\$	85,764
Miscellaneous		400,000		142,228	-	257,772
Capital outlay	_			-		
TOTAL 911 EMERGENCY COMMUNICATIONS	\$ _	651,200	\$ .	307,664	\$	343,536
ROAD & BRIDGE - SPECIAL PROJECTS						
Certified appraiser	\$	2,000	\$	_	\$	2,000
Professional services		31,500		31,503		(3)
Miscellaneous		2,500		361		2,139
Road oil		100,000		181,772		(81,772)
Plant asphalt mix		20,000		969		19,031
Other road and bridge construction materials		60,000		21,438		38,562
Contracts		23,000		· -		23,000
Matching funds		100,000		53,239		46,761
Bridge replacement		100,000		22,920		77,080
FAS exchange		-				•
Fuel tax		-		-		-
Local road projects		1,502,000		1,061,203		440,797
Capital outlay	-	90,000		8,840	-	81,160
TOTAL ROAD & BRIDGE - SPECIAL PROJECTS	\$	2,031,000	. \$	1,382,245	\$	648,755

						VARIANCE FAVORABLE
WATERWAYS	_	BUDGET		ACTUAL		(UNFAVORABLE)
Salaries	\$	25,000	\$	11,697	•	12.202
Personnel benefits	•	4,625	Ð	2,195	\$	13,303
Miscellaneous		85,000		73,166		2,430
Grants		80,000		36,357		11,834 43,643
Vessel account expenditures		-		50,557		43,043
Capital outlay	_	•		•	•	
TOTAL WATERWAYS	\$ _	194,625	\$ =	123,415	\$	71,210
PAYMENT IN LIEU OF TAXES						
Miscellaneous	\$	750,000	\$	356,114	\$	393,886
Natural resource litigation		-		-		-
Capital outlay	_	-		-		-
TOTAL PAYMENT IN LIEU OF TAXES	\$_	750,000	\$	356,114	\$	393,886
COURT FACILITY	=		: =		•	
Miscellaneous	\$	50,000	\$	1,589	\$	48,411
Capital outlay	<b>.</b>			1,509	J	40,411
TOTAL COURT FACILITY	\$ _	50,000	\$ _	1,589	\$	48,411
DRUG COURT						
Salaries	\$	20,500	\$	20,508	\$	(8)
Personnel benefits		3,718		3,748		(30)
Rent		-		-		•
Drug court		9,500		6,437		3,063
Felony drug court		19,000		5,584		13,416
Juvenile drug court Miscellaneous		8,000		5,660		2,340
Transition houses		9,500		5,344		4,156
Drug testing		19,000		9,989		9,011
Capital outlay		20,000		319		19,681
TOTAL DRUG COURT	\$ _	109,218	·	57,589	\$	51,629
	_		_			

		BUDGET	_	ACTUAL		VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
INTERLOCK/MONITORING			_		_	
Interlock monitoring Miscellaneous	\$	17,000	\$	4,392	\$	12,608
		6,000		536		5,464
Capital outlay	_		_	<u>-</u>		-
TOTAL INTERLOCK/MONITORING	\$ _	23,000	\$ _	4,928	\$	18,072
JUNIOR COLLEGE						
Miscellaneous	\$	95,000	\$	71,600	\$	23,400
	-		-		•	
TOTAL JUNIOR COLLEGE	\$ =	95,000	\$ _	71,600	\$	23,400
CONSOLIDATED ELECTIONS						
Salaries	\$	46,272	\$	34,093	\$	12,179
Personnel benefits	•	17,073	•	14,540	•	2,533
Travel		2,000		1,053		947
Supplies		6,000		10,443		(4,443)
Contingency		10,000		4,269		5,731
Printing and publications		20,000		14,171		5,829
Miscellaneous		1,000		483		517
GIS mapping		1,000		59		941
Training		-		229		(229)
Contracts		20,000		13,704		6,296
Capital outlay	_	2,000	_	9,759		(7,759)
TOTAL CONSOLIDATED ELECTIONS	\$ _	125,345	\$ _	102,803	\$	22,542
BINGHAM COUNTY LAB						
Salaries	\$	26,000	\$	18,248	\$	7 752
Personnel benefits	Ψ	2,489	Φ	1,431	Ф	7,752 1,058
Travel		2,500		840		
Supplies		1,000		724		1,660 276
Utilities		5,900		13,000		(7,100)
Rent		2,000		15,000		2,000
Echo lab		780		550		2,000
Drug testing		58,000		58,235		(235)
Repairs and maintenance		-		363		(363)
TOTAL BINGHAM COUNTY LAB	s -	98,669	s -	93,391	· \$	5,278
	=	70,007	=	73,371	:	3,276
YOUTH COURT SERVICES			_			
Salaries Personnel benefits	\$	18,290	\$	17,680	\$	
		1,400		1,352		48
Youth court expenditures Capital outlay		16,750		15,072		1,678
	_	<del>-</del>	-	-	•	-
TOTAL YOUTH COURT SERVICES	\$ _	36,440	\$ =	34,104	\$	2,336

RURAL ADDRESSING	_	BUDGET		ACTUAL	. (	VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
Supplies	\$	3,000	\$	15	ø	2.005
Repairs and maintenance	J	3,000	Þ	= =	\$	2,985
Plats and house numbers		500		2,431		569
Capital outlay		15,000		8,002		500 6,998
TOTAL RURAL ADDRESSING	\$ _	21,500	\$	10,448	\$	11,052
BINGHAM COUNTY AMBULANCE						
Miscellaneous	\$_	-	\$.	802,257	\$	(802,257)
TOTAL BINGHAM COUNTY AMBULANCE	\$ _	_	\$ :	802,257	\$	(802,257)
OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE						
Miscellaneous	\$ _		\$.	1,776	\$	(1,776)
TOTAL OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE	\$ _	-	\$ .	1,776	\$	(1,776)
TOTAL SPECIAL REVENUE	\$ _	21,212,296	\$	18,113,200	\$	3,099,096
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES	\$ _	27,352,924	\$	23,988,268	\$	3,364,656

# BINGHAM COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO RECONCILIATION OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGETARY BASIS TO GAAP BASIS For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

Total expenditures - budgetary basis	\$	23,988,268
Homeland security grant expenditures		42,471
Commodities received		520
Capital outlays acquired through capital leases		208,181
Dependent medical insurance posting error		(51,835)
Net change in accounts payable		(19,100)
Capital outlays acquired through trade-ins	_	29,500
Total expenditures - GAAP basis	\$_	24,198,005



Gerald W. Searle, CPA Steven J. Hart, CPA Farrell J. Steiner, CPA Dana Eric Izatt, CPA

## REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners Bingham County – State of Idaho Blackfoot, Idaho

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bingham County, Idaho as of and for the year ended September 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Bingham County, Idaho's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 10, 2014.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Bingham County, Idaho's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Bingham County, Idaho's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Bingham County, Idaho's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control, as defined above, that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Bingham County, Idaho's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an

objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to described the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Idaho Falls, Idaho

Searle Hart & associalts PLLC

July 10, 2014



Gerald W. Searle, CPA Steven J. Hart, CPA Farrell J. Steiner, CPA

# REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL Dana Eric Izatt, CPA EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Board of County Commissioners Bingham County, Idaho Blackfoot, Idaho

# Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Bingham County's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Bingham County's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2013. Bingham County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Bingham County's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Bingham County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on Bingham County's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Bingham County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2013.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Bingham County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Bingham County's internal control over compliance with types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Bingham County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

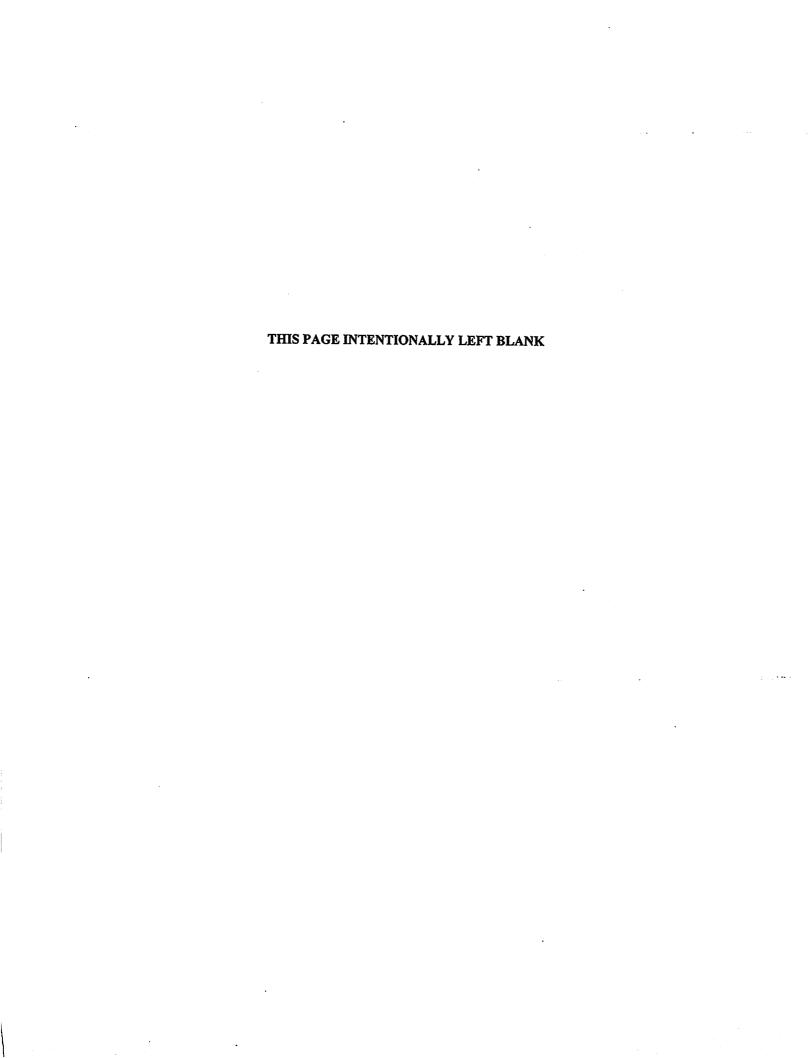
Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirement of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Idaho Falls, Idaho July 10, 2014

Searle Hart " associates PLC



# BINGHAM COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO SCHEDULE OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

FEDERAL GRANTOR PASS THROUGH STATE OF IDAHO PROGRAM TITLE	FEDERAL CFDA NO.	PASS THROUGH GRANTOR NO.	EXPENDED
INDIRECT GRANTS			
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE	•		
Passed Through State Department of Education			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	2012, 2013IN100994	\$ 3,789
National School Lunch Program	10.555	2012, 2013IN1009947	4,988
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	520
Total Cluster			9,297
Total - U.S. Department of Agriculture			9,297
<b>DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR</b>			
Passed Through Idaho Bureau of Reclamation			
Recreation Resources Management	15.524	R13AP11027	6,130
Total - Department of the Interior			6,130
<b>DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE</b>			
Passed Through Idaho State Police			
ARRA Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assist	16.803	2009-SU-B9-0046	54,277
Total - Department of Justice			54,277
<b>DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORATION</b>			
Passed Through the Idaho Department of Transportation	n .		
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	A010(660), A012(536)	4,792
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	Various	9 774
Alcohol Traffice Safety & Drunk Driving Prevent		K8-2013-01-00-00	8,776 7,803
Total Cluster			16,579
Total - Department of Transportation			21,371
ENVIDONMENTAL PROPROPROSI		•	
ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY Passed Through Idaho Department of Environmental (	)nalie		
Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water	66.468	FS-98003010	5,000
Total - Environmental Protection Agency			
2000 Environmental Folection Agency			5,000

	FEDERAL CFDA NO.	PASS THROUGH GRANTOR NO.	EVENINE
INDIRECT GRANTS (Continued)	CFDA NO.	GRANTOR NO.	EXPENDED
DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY			
Passed Through State Department of Parks and Recrea	ition		
Boating Safety Financial Assistance	97.012	14.01.16	16,015
g y	77.012	14.01.10	10,013
Passed Through State Military Division			
Flood Mitigation Assistance	97.029	EMS2012FME001	50,539
<b>Emergency Management Performance</b>	97.042	EMW2012EP00065	40,314
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067	Various	46,814
Total - Department of Homeland Security			153,682
DIRECT GRANTS			
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR			
Payment in Lieu of Taxes	15.226	-	337,014
Total - U.S. Department of the Interior			337,014
DEPARTMENT OF THE TRANSPORTATION			
Local Highway Technical Assistance	20.205	-	31,231
Total - Department of Transportation			31,231
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS			\$618,002

BINGHAM COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

# NOTE 1- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting as described in Note 1 to the financial statements.

# NOTE 2- NONMONETARY TRANSACTIONS

Nonmonetary assistance is reported for some of the Homeland Security Program equipment which was acquired through the State of Idaho.

# BINGHAM COUNTY - STATE OF IDAHO SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended September 30, 2013

# **SECTION 1 - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS**

Financial Statements Type of Auditor's Report Issued:	Unmodified	
Internal Control Over Financial Reporting:		
Material Weaknesse	s IdentifiedYE	S <u>X</u> NO
<del>_</del>	e material weaknessesYE	S X None Reported
financial statemen		S X NO
Federal Awards		
Internal Control Over Major Programs:		
Material Weaknesse Significant Deficien	s IdentifiedYE	s <u>x</u> no
	e material weaknesses YE	S X None Reported
Type of Auditor's Report Issued on Complian	nce For Major Programs:	Unmodified
Audit Findings Requested in accordance section 510(a) of 6	lance with	s <u>X</u> NO
Identification of Major Programs:		
15.226	Payment in Lieu of Taxo	es \$ 337,014
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between	Type A and Type B programs:	\$300,000
Auditee Qualified as Low-Risk Auditee	YE	S X NO
SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMEN	T FINDINGS	
No matters were reported.		
SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINI	DINGS AND QUESTIONED COST	<u>rs</u>
No matters were reported.		